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The Pittsburgh Gazette.
SATURDAY, JULY 7, 1866.

NEW ORDER IN THE EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

It is fully two years since a new religious order, called the Protestant Episcopal "Sisterhood of St. Mary," was established in New York, under the auspices of the Right Rev. Bishop Potter and some of the leading clergy of the Diocese, and yet very little is known of the organization, and the character of the work assigned them. According to one of the journals of the Church, its members are required to devote themselves exclusively to works of mercy, by attending the sick, aiding the poor, and disseminating Christian instruction among the young. The membership is composed of unmarried ladies or widows over thirty. Admission to membership is granted on promise to continue their pious labors until either the urgent necessities of their kindred or some special providence calls them from their sphere of duty. In such cases the bishop was empowered to release them from their obligations. There are a number of sisters in the society, and others on probation.

Recently a lady who had been a candidate for admission into the sisterhood for sometime was admitted with imposing ceremonies. Bishop Potter prepared a service especially for the occasion. Quite a number of distinguished ministers were present and near the altar. The members of the sisterhood were present, attired in the black habit of their order, which resembles that of the Catholic Sisters of Charity. After singing the hymn of Whitsuntide, closing with the Gloria Patria, the Bishop offered a few words of exhortation to the lady, relating to the work, closing with the inquiry, if she would devote herself wholly to the offices of charity and mercy in the Sisterhood of St. Mary, and obey the rules of the Sisterhood. After prayer the Bishop took her by the right hand and acknowledged her as a member, and at the same time gave her the title of "Sister Agnes," a name different from her own, and by which she will be known in future.

THE DUNKERS.

This strange body of people recently held their annual gathering near Waynesborough, Franklin county, Pa. Its session lasted one week. It was composed of delegates from all their churches scattered throughout the United States. The delegates were lodged in the neighborhood, but all were boarded on the ground. Extensive preparations were made, sufficient, it is stated, to accommodate one thousand persons. Delegates, and the multitude, were fed in imitation of our Saviour's feeding five thousand. But, unlike such occasions, instead of a few loaves of bread, they consumed about sixty barrels of flour, besides a vast amount of other eatables.

The manner of doing business was singular, consisting in rendering decisions on the practical questions that the times and circumstances rendered necessary. It was decided in the negative the right of *voting* in order to obtain the sense of the majority, inasmuch as voting was a custom that belonged to the world. Decisions were left to a committee of fifteen, who referred each question to a sub-committee, which sub-committee frames a decision. The committee then presents their action to the assembly. Approval is manifested by nodding; disapproval by shaking the head. Discussion usually ensues when any signs of disapproval are manifested. Among the questions, says the *German Reformed Messenger*, decided, were as follows: Shall we receive colored persons into the Church, and shall we salute them with the holy kiss? It was decided that they should be received into the Church, but that all the members were to be left to their own choice and taste in regard to saluting their colored brethren, with the understanding, however, that all who refused to do so were to be regarded as *weak*. One of their members out West leased a piece of ground to an agricultural society for a number of years. Was it right for him to do so? The answer was no! as he thereby helps to foster the spirit of *pride*.

SWEDENBORGIANS.

The General Convention of the New Jerusalem Church in the United States was held in Boston some time since. Over one hundred ministerial and lay delegates were present. Rev. Dr. Worcester, of Boston, presided and delivered the annual address. Rev. Mr. Goddard preached the annual sermon. The Convention supports a book publishing and printing establishment in New York. The *New Jerusalem Messenger*, in its eleventh year, is published there. A monthly periodical, 64 pp., is issued at Boston, and called *The Jerusalem Magazine*. It has been published for thirty-nine years. The total membership is estimated at 4,000. In Pennsylvania there are ten societies, two ministers, and 400 or 500 members. In Ohio ten societies, six ministers, and from 600 to 700 members.

REV. JOHN G. FEE, of Kentucky, whose name is associated with some of the noblest words and deeds uttered and performed in behalf of the oppressed of our land, and whose efforts have been rewarded and are still being blest on the soil where he fought his brave battles, is now on a brief visit to our city, and will preach for Rev. Mr. MOORE's congration, in the Academy of of Music, on Sunday morning, at 10½ o'clock.

—It is stated that Gen. Cass' large fortune of five million of dollars had its origin in his investment in real estate in what is now the heart of the city of Detroit; and the heirs of the deceased statesman may thank the late Mrs. Cass, who died in 1855, for the great wealth they inherit. Repeatedly, when the property was rising in value years ago, the General was anxious to sell, and was only restrained by the earnest advice and remonstrance of his wife.

—Samuel Smith, of Bristol, died on Thursday of last week, aged eighty-eight, and his wife, aged eighty-six, died the day after. The couple had been married for sixty-seven years, and during the whole time had been separated only three nights. The funeral was observed on Sunday, and they were both buried in one grave.

—A movement is in progress in France to secure the abolition of the punishment of death. The question, which will shortly come up for consideration in the French Senate, is awakening great interest, and several leading Senators are expected to speak in favor of the abolition.

—The cashier of a bank in Galveston, Texas, carrying a bundle of bank notes amounting to $7,000, was knocked down and robbed, a few days ago, while the villains succeeded in escaping with the plunder, although several shots were fired at them.

—The new edition of the King of Saxony's German translation of Dante has been finished by the publication of the third volume, "Das Paradies." His annotations are said to place the royal commentator in the first rank of Dante scholars.

—A boy in the employ of Tyler, Ullman & Co., bankers, in Chicago, lost a package of $10,000, a day or two since, while on his way to one of the banks.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

VOLUME LXXX.---NO. 159. PITTSBURGH, SATURDAY, JULY 7, 1866. PRICE THREE CENTS.

CITY ITEMS.

Lubin's Cocoanut Cream
For the hair. It has no equal for promoting the growth of hair. For sale at Fulton's Drug Store, corner Fifth and Smithfield streets.

Summer Dress Goods
Closing out very cheap, on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets.
C. HANSON LOVE & BRO.

Black and White
Lace Points and Rotundas, on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets.
C. HANSON LOVE & BRO.

White Domestic Flannels.
One case opened this day and will be sold by the piece or yard, at a great bargain. Call and see them, on the north-east corner of Fourth and Market street.
C. HANSON LOVE & BRO.

Pleasant.
That much dreaded operation of tooth drawing has been changed from pain to pleasure, by Dr. G. W. Spencer, No. 254 Penn street, if the report of friends can be relied upon. The inhalation of the nitrous oxide gas, being free from the dangers of chloroform and ether, has become quite an institution in our city.

Pure North Carolina Tar.
In Barrels, Half Barrels and Kegs, can be had at FLEMING'S DRUG STORE, No. 84 Market Street, at lowest rates; also Turpentine, Rosin, Oils and Varnishes.
Remember that the Tar is the genuine Southern article, and can be had cheaper of FLEMING than elsewhere in the city.

Refrigerators, Ice Chests.
Four and five minute Cream Freezers, Ice Pitchers, Water Coolers, Water Filters, Meat Safes, Bath Tubs, and a full line of goods generally, suitable for the heated term. Our stock is the largest, our variety the best, and our prices the lowest to be found anywhere west of the mountains. Call and see, at 124 Wood street, south side, five doors above Fifth St.
W. W. BRADSHAW.

Pittsburgh Gift Concert.
Attention is directed to the advertisement of Messrs. McDonald, Thomson & Co., in another column. They have added some very excellent property to their attractive list of gifts. Some have heretofore objected to their schedule because they had no city property in it. They have now removed that objection effectually. Their Concert will certainly take place on the 30th inst. Every one should have a ticket for it.

Refreshing to Lager Beer Drinkers.
The use of this much loved beverage is to be prohibited by law, the Temperance Society having failed to establish a Maine or prohibitory liquor law, a substitute has been introduced and adopted by the Congress of the United States, and after six months deliberation has become the law of this Government to use Dr. C. Sill & Gillispie's Laughing Gas in place of all other stimulants. All agents and persons wishing to use this delightful agent for drawing teeth out without pain, will call at 246 Penn street, that there may be no mistake.

P. S. Physicians will please take notice that all stimulants other than Laughing Gas will be excluded in their prescriptions under penalty of the law, as made and approved.

Get the Best.
They Always Give Satisfaction.
Every week, Dr. Quincy A. Scott is called upon to insert Artificial Teeth in cases where other dentists *have tried, been paid, and failed*, and in every case his work gives entire satisfaction. He is quite an artist in his line of business, and has merely to examine a case to know how to articulate the teeth, so that they will present a handsome and natural appearance, and will masticate the food thoroughly.

His prices are lower than those of any dentist in the city, and he will *guarantee* his work to be superior. So it would be better for any of our readers who are in want of teeth, to call upon the Dr. in the first place, and thereby save their time and money. We would also *assure* those persons who are suffering with diseased and unsightly teeth, that they can have them extracted *without any pain whatever*, by calling upon Dr. Scott. He has extracted for *over ten thousand* persons within the last seven years, and among this large number, there is *not one* case in which his process has proved injurious. On the contrary, he can refer to numbers of his patients who claim to have been benefited in renewed health. He extracts numbers daily by the new "Rhigolene or Vapor" process, and gives pure Laughing Gas to those who desire it, without charge. He makes no charge for extracting when artificial teeth are ordered, and gives a full set on Vulcanite, with beautiful gums for eight dollars. Remember, his number, 278 Penn street, third door above Hand.

A Splendid Mansion for Sale,
At seventeen thousand dollars, five thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars at the time of sale, the balance in one and two years. This property is beautifully situated on Mount Washington, opposite the mouth of Penn street, in full view of the three rivers, Pittsburgh and Allegheny cities, and only twenty minutes walk from Wood or Fifth streets. There are seven acres of rich soil and a beautiful grove of large trees, with an abundance of choice fruit and rare ornamental trees. Also a never failing spring of water. The buildings and improvements consist of a first rate modern, well finished dwelling house of fourteen rooms; a large sized wash house, with copper boiler arranged to use coal or wood; a large chicken house and yard; a complete stable and carriage house; a green or hot house, in a most splendid condition, with double glass roof; boiler and pipes for heating, estimated to have cost five thousand dollars; three large cisterns, supplied with pumps, all in good order, and some of them holds a thousand barrels of water; a large and complete ice house. Such chances for a good home are seldom offered. For particulars enquire of C. Sill, 246 Penn street.

P. S.—Measures are being taken for the construction of an inclined railroad running up the hill from South Pittsburgh, which will be completed in the course of a yerr, when Mount Washington will become the most desirable location for private residences, it being entirely out of the smoke and dust of the city.

The Great Acclimating Tonic.
Wherever Hostetter's Bitters, the celebrated American preventive of Climatic Diseases, have been introduced into unhealthy regions, their effects in sustaining the health, vigor, and animal spirits of those whose pursuits subjected them to extraordinary risks from exposure and privation, have been wonderful. In the army the superiority of this article over every other invigorating and alterative medicine has become so manifest where used, that it is relied upon, exclusively, as a protection against Bilious Fever, Fever and Ague, and Bowel complaints of every kind. The soldiers say it is the *only* stimulant which produces and keeps up a healthy habit of body in unwholesome locations. For the unacclimated pioneer and settler it is the most reliable of all safeguards against sickness. Throughout the United States it is considered the most healthful and agreeable of all tonics, and altogether unequaled as a remedy for Dyspepsia. The medicinal ingredients are all vegetable, and are held in solution by the most wholesome stimulant known—the Essence of Rye. "Hostetter's Bitters" are manufactured at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, and no less than 50,000 dozen bottles are sold annually by druggists.

Hostetter's Bitters
Are sold wholesale and retail at very low rates at Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Depot, No. 84 Market street, corner of the Diamond and Market, near Fourth street.

FROM NEW YORK.

Fatal Case of Cholera Yesterday—Twenty-two Cases Reported in Twenty-four Hours—Infected House Barricaded—Terrible Scenes—Dead and Suicide—Shot by a Sentinel—Deranged Going to Ander Bartholdi.

NEW YORK, July 6.—A fatal case of cholera is reported to have occurred in the Bowery yesterday.

Within the last twenty-four hours twenty-two cases of cholera were reported at the office of Dr. Dalton, sanitary Superintendent, six of which were declared genuine. In every case the regions surrounding the several cases were duly disinfected.

The temperature is terrid, the thermometer standing 96 on the streets to-day.

A young woman named Eleanor Jones, who claims to be the wife of a Dr. Tench, shot herself this morning after making an attempt upon his life. Jealousy is the supposed cause.

James L. Fraser was shot, it is supposed fatally, in a fracas in 2 Fulton street last evening to-day.

A London letter says it is rumored that Gen. Beauregard has purchased his services of Victor Emanuel, and that George B. Sanders is on his way to join Garibaldi.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

VERY LATEST TELEGRAMS.

THE PORTLAND DISASTER.

Car Loads of Provisions Sent from Boston.

THE FIRE BREAKS OUT AFRESH.

The City in Total Darkness.

EXTENT OF THE CONFLAGRATION.

PORTLAND, ME. July 6.—Five car loads of provisions came down from Boston last night and are being distributed to the people. A fire company so strong, from abroad, have been working all night on the ruins. Large amounts of supplies have came in from various places. They were greatly needed. Most of the provision stores had been burned. There was hardly anything left to be bought, and our people were mostly living on bread alone. The Atheneum library was totally destroyed. The city building and Custom House looked up again this morning, and occasioned another alarm, the city was in darkness last night owing to the gas being cut off. A rain is falling now, but it is scarcely needed as the flames were so fierce that all vegetation is burned off the ground. The First and Second National Bank fund and securities are all saved, and there is no doubt in regard to any of the others. Ira P. Farrington, should be added to the list of clothing dealers who have suffered. The brass works and establishment of L. Rockett was not burned as reported. The tremendous exertions to save Winslow & Dolin's planing mill were successful, which saved Commercial street and the lower side of Free street. The National Traders' Bank papers and money are all safe; also the papers of the Ocean Insurance Company. Workmen are busy among the ruins, and everybody is at work getting up temporary residences and places of business. Our shade trees are mostly ruined. The newspaper offices are issuing slips, and Hi grounds go out of town to print for the present. Owing to the noble charity of other towns and cities, no one is suffering for food.

SECOND DISPATCH.

PORTLAND, ME., July 6.—Everybody is cheerful and hopeful. No very heavy failures will occur, and not many of any kind. The city will be rebuilt in better shape than before and as rapidly as possible. Contracts are being made and lots cleared. Securities were mostly deposited in the banks and are safe, and will be quickly put into brick and mortar. The Insurance Companies, with a few exceptions are responsible. The fire caught from a cracker thrown by a boy among some shavings in Logan's planing mill, along side a sugar house adjoining was as safe and well protected from fire as any building of the kind could be, being built of brick and covered with a slated roof. Beyond this building was the most populous Irish quarters, built up with very old wooden buildings. Beyond this, the buildings were made of wood apparently, but nothing could withstand the tremendous gale of wind blowing. The strongest and thickest building went like timber. The fronts of the best buildings on Middle street also did not seem to stand five minutes. After the flags came through the side of the street, before they were all ablaze, and they roamed across the street like a huge wave on the ocean beach, either through or over everything in its path. Out of the direct blocs much might have been saved, but the whole fire force were obliged to fight the flames in front. In no part did the water fail until the flames had passed up. The whole parade was made in less than twelve hours, and it only stopped at the open pastures in Monjoy. The fire proof buildings were hardly safer than the wooden ones.

The Custom House in which are the Post-offices and United States Courts, was built by the Government to be entirely fire proof with nothing inflamable about it except the furniture and contents, and with quite an open space in front with open streets on two sides, but the upper part is mixed inside and much of stone work peeling from the outside. In some cases wooden buildings were saved while brick buildings were burned, on Lee caster, the corner of Myrtle and Cumberland streets a wooden building was saved, and every brick building in the square was destroyed.

Heretofore we have considered the city particularly safe from conflagrations. Our fire department is excellent, and the celerity with which dangerous fires have been subdued seemed sometimes marvelious. All the old and dangerous buildings are swept out clear and the city will be rebuilt with the greatest attention to future security. Our shade trees were a wonderful protection on the outskirts of the fire and to them some houses owe entirely their safety.

Our business places are getting considerably mixed. Wood & Son, brokers, are at Mitchell's wholesale grocery on Fore street, and Davis Bros., stationers, are happy in a new gum factory with their works. The Cumberland Bank promises to have a new building, and Lowell & Senter, hat manufacturers, will have a new store on their old site in sixty days.

It is reported that fishing vessels have carried away immense quantities of goods, and that much was carried off into the country, but most of it was not stolen.

There were some cases of extortion by teamsters and hackmen. One man put a hackman sixty dollars to carry his wife and children to a place of safety; but most of the men worked at the regular rates.

LATEST.

PORTLAND, July 7—1 A. M.—Fears are entertained that gangs of thieves from other cities may attempt to rob on the ruins. Citizens have armed themselves for protection of property.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Communication of Secretary Stanton to the House Giving Information Relative to Communications Addressed to Union Prisoners—Mexican News.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—The Secretary of war has sent a letter to the House in relation to the resolution of June 14th, calling for information in regard to the commutation of rations allowed to Union soldiers who were prisoners of war, stating that by a general order of February 14th, 1862, rations to the Union soldiers held as prisoners of war in the United States were commuted at cost prices, and the sum paid was about two and a half millions. After hostilities terminated, and the prisoners were all released, it became manifest that commutation of claims were becoming the subject of speculation and traffic by agents and brokers, and in the absence of any specific appropriation, the order for commutation of rations was suspended until Congress should make an appropriation, if deemed proper, and provide regulations which might secure the money to the persons properly entitled thereto, and protect them against fraud and unjust speculation. The outstanding claims, principally in the hands of agents, assignees, brokers, &c., were estimated at $3,400,000.

Letters from Vera Cruz, dated the 21st ult. were received to-day in this city, and emanating from reliable sources, contain the intelligence that General Bazaine has made an agreement with Maximilian by which the latter would receive from the French chest 500,000 francs every month for his most urgent expenses, besides a large force of Austrian and Belgian troops paid by the French Government.

Decision Under Civil Rights Bill—Statement of the Case—Speech by Reverdy Johnson.

BALTIMORE, July 6.—An important decision has been rendered by Judge Bowie, Chief Justice of the Court of Appeals of Maryland, under the Civil Rights bill. The facts of the case are briefly as follows: Dr A. H. Somers, of Rockville, Montgomery county, committed an assault upon a colored man in the streets of Rockville, beating him very severely. The colored man's wife sued out a warrant before a Justice of the Peace against Somers, on which he was arrested and arraigned before the magistrate. The counsel of Dr. Somers argued that the warrant was illegal under the laws of Maryland, contending that no negro or mulatto could be a competent witness against a white person.

The Justice decided that said State law has been abrogated, and was null and void under the Civil Rights bill, and required the accused to give bail to answer at the Circuit Court. This Somers refused to do, and was committed. Thereupon his counsel applied to Chief Justice Bowie for a writ of habeas corpus, which His Honor refused to grant, giving a written opinion sustaining the decision of the magistrate and maintaining the constitutionality of the Civil Rights bill so far as relates to the question in dispute. The Judge, in conclusion, says:

"I am aware that there are many and serious objections to the constitutionality of the law, and upon other points, yet as it is not clearly unconstitutional in the particulars in question, I am bound by the usage and decision of the highest courts, to assume that Congress has not violated its constitutional obligations. Not being able to perceive clearly and unequivocally a breach of the federal constitution in the act of Congress, called in act to protect all persons in their civil rights, &c. in making negroes competent to testify. Without expressing any opinion on the other sections of the law, I must overrule the motion to quash the warrant and remand the prisoner to the custody of the officer."

FROM TENNESSEE.

The Legislature Met, but Have No Quorum—Difficulty With Negroes on a Plantation, One Killed.

NASHVILLE, July 6.—The Legislature met today, but there was no quorum. Mr. Dunnoway, of Sedford county, sent in his resignation to the Governor.

The first cotton bloom of the season was received here to-day by Mr. Curry.

Two negroes on the plantation of W. F. Bainbridge, refusing to work, were ordered off by the Superintendent. They armed themselves, returned and engaged in a fight with the Superintendent and his assistants. One negro was killed and another wounded. The latter was committed for trial.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

WASHINGTON, July 6, 1866.

SENATE.

Mr. Edmunds, from the Committee on Commerce, reported the House resolution for a Joint Committee on Retrenchment.

Mr. Wilson, from the Military Committee, reported a bill for the equalization of the bounties.

The Committee of Conference on the Tax Bill made a report. The committee report in favor of a compromise on the tax on cotton, making it three cents a pound.

Mr. Wilson, in the course of the debate on the bill, said he hoped the present Tariff bill would be defeated if it was not very much modified. New England did not want the bill. Her interests were already sufficiently protected. The demand for the new tariff came from Pennsylvania and the northwest.

The Senate agreed to the Conference report on the tax bill.

The bill to provide for the payment for quartermaster stores and subsistence supplies furnished to the army was then taken up.

Mr. Fessenden, from the Conference Committee on the tax bill, made a report which was read at length. Mr. Fessenden at the conclusion of the reading said there were a great many amendments to the bill, but most of them were verbal. The Committees had amended the subject with very great care, and had no difficulty in coming to a conclusion, except upon a few points, which were finally settled to the satisfaction of all. It would be too much of a task for him (Fessenden) to undertake to go through the whole bill, and explain all the amendments, but if any Senators had any questions to ask in regard to any article in the bill, he would be happy to answer him. Mr. Sanisbary said that when this bill came from the House, there was a tax of 5 cents per pound on cotton. The Committee on Conference had reduced it to 2 cents, the House was glad of that, but considering the situation of the people in that section where cotton was grown, reduced as they were to abject poverty, scarcely able to get bread for their families, unrepresented in Congress, he thought it unjust to single out an article of agriculture for taxation. He was totally opposed to taxing cotton, unless other products of the farm were taxed. While the bill as presented by the Conference Committee was more favorable than as it came from the House, yet as the single article of cotton was selected out of all agricultural products for taxation, he could not vote for the bill.

Mr. Hendricks said that the Senate was indebted much to the able manner in the proper department of the Government, for the condition of the finances was such as would allow a very large reduction in taxation. He (Hendricks) was informed that the duty on whisky in revenue from internal taxes might be reduced seventy-five cents on the dollar. He hoped that the time was not distant when that fair proportion would be given to the agricultural interests of the country, but there was no such relief. There was an extraordinary tax on whisky, although he thought an experience of ten years had shown that that tax had defeated the revenue. He then spoke in opposition to the bill, and criticized the bill as unfavorable to agricultural interests.

Mr. Sherman said that the agricultural interests were better cared for than any other in the bill, and while the bill was not perfect in every respect upon wealth. Articles of luxury were taxed heavy, agricultural implements were not touched. He thought the sincerity of Mr. Hendricks when he said he would vote against the bill from any sectional point, it would be without bounds to say that it Ohio paid ten millions under this bill, Indiana would pay one or two millions less under this than under that bill, and so of other States.

Mr. Hendricks replied to Mr. Sherman's remarks. He maintained that the States of Indiana and Ohio were interested in the cotton tax, for the reason that the latter State was the growth of cotton in the south, as the farmers of the Northwest found their best markets in the South, and other products.

Mr. Wilson said that he had not favored the bill, but men from the Northwest in the woolen interest originated it. Whoever all the blame might be, it came from New England, and what was not true.

Mr. Hendricks said that after the remarks of Mr. Wilson, he felt sure that the tariff bill would not have been passed, but that he (Wilson) would join with Mr. Wilson in laboring for its defeat. He would join with New England in throwing out the tariff bill, and that would be protection enough under the present system.

Mr. Wilson said that the high duty on wool and iron was put on the tariff bill against the protest of Mr. Chandler of the Committee in the House.

Mr. Guthrie said he was opposed to the tax on cotton, and also to the tax on sugar made from cane. His judgment was against the tax on cotton, but he was compelled to yield.

Mr. Johnson said he rose merely to say that he should vote against the bill. He was glad to see that the Senate had struck out the tax on sugar made from cane. He believed it would be the last agreed upon by the committee, though it would have been better to have taken up.

The report of the Conference Committee was agreed to and sent to the House.

Mr. Fessenden, from the bill to provide for the payment for quartermaster stores and subsistence supplies furnished to the army of the United States.

The question was on Mr. Sherman's amendment to strike out the provision authorizing payment for stores not properly receipted for, or having such place paid elsewhere or by Messrs. Williams, Fessenden, Sanisbary, Howard and Trumbull.

Mr. Wilson's amendment was agreed to by yeas 20, nays 17, seventeen less absent thirteen says.

At 5:30 the Senate took a recess until 7 P. M.

Evening Session.—The Senate met at 7 P. M. and proceed according to the resolution of reference to the Committee on Pensions. A number of bills granting pensions to widows and wounded soldiers were reported and passed. A bill was passed granting pensions to Provost Marshals and Assistant Provost Marshals, wounded in the performance of duty, and the latter at an increase of $12 per month. Also, $25 each per month additional to the widows of soldiers for every child under 16 years of age, deprived of support by the war.

At 9:5 P. M. the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

Mr. Stevens having got leave to make a personal explanation, asked for publication in the Congressional Globe of a letter from him in the statement of Mr. Le Blond, after the speech of Mr. Harris, in which it was asserted that the views of Mr. Harris and of Mr. Stevens in regard to reconstruction were identical. He denied that during the four years of the war, the rebellious States were, in any sense, in the Union.

A bill to grant pensions to the officers and soldiers of the war of 1812 came up in order. After debate, the bill was modified so as to include only those who served sixty days and were disabled in the service. It was then committed to the Committee on Invalid Pensions, to get on with all amendments and substitutes, so as to have a complete bill reported.

Mr. Hall, from the Committee on Pensions, reported a bill granting pensions to those soldiers of the war of 1812 who are in necessitous circumstances. After debate, the bill was recommitted to the committee of the whole, and the bill included all of the late war.

Mr. Pomeroy replied that it did not.

Mr. Hall replied that it did not. But that did not extend the same right to the soldiers of the late war as to the soldiers of any other war.

Mr. Hubbard, of Connecticut, from the Committee on Patents, reported a bill to allow James C. Cook to apply for an extension of his patent cotton backs and connecting eyes.

The House went into Committee of the Whole, Mr. Schenck in the chair, and resumed the consideration of the Tariff bill.

Mr. Kelly moved to reduce the duty on Italian Marble from 30 per cent. ad valorem to 20 per cubic foot, and spoke in its support.

After considerable debate it was rejected.

Mr. Wilson, of Iowa, moved to reduce the ad valorem duty on Polish Marble from seventy to fifty-three per cent.

Mr. Hogan opposed the amendment. The Committee had been close to the debate, and Mr. Guthrie presented the report of the Conference Committee on the Internal Revenue Bill, and proceeded to explain the same.

Mr. Stevens inquired what had been done with the provision requiring cases of alleged frauds on the revenue to be tried before a United States Court, instead of being decided by Assessors.

Mr. Hooper replied that the House receded from that provision, being assured by the Committee on Ways and Means that there were sufficient provisions of the same kind in other parts of the bill.

Mr. Stevens thought that was the most important provision in the bill, and that the bill should not pass without it.

Mr. Hooper explained what disposition had been made of the provision about the income tax.

Mr. Hooper explained that the Senate had struck out the whole section, as the income tax for the year had expired, and the Senate deemed it expedient that there should be no action on the subject till next session.

In that view the House Committee concurred. The amendment was agreed to, to add at three cents per pound instead of two cents, as fixed by the Senate, and five cents fixed by the House in relation to gas companies and horse railroads. The Senate provision allowing them to add on the taxes, was agreed to, but only to continue till the 30th of April next, by which time it was hoped to apply to the State Legislatures, the horse railroad companies in the meantime being bound to sell packages of tickets of not less than twenty at the rate of five cents each. The Senate amendment in relation to the exemption of small manufacturers, such as tailors and shoemakers, the Senate Committee had concurred with the House in exempting one thousand dollars' worth of work, exclusive of the value of the material.

Mr. Eggleston protested against the action of the Committee in regard to Gas and Railroad Companies, and he hoped that Congress would sit till December next rather than submit to it.

Mr. Schenck made an argument in the same sense, and said if there were no other objections to the report of the Committee, he would vote against it on this ground.

Mr. Morrill expressed the opinion that this was a very small matter to make a fuss about; that the action of the Committee was correct and proper.

Further debate was closed by the previous question, and the House proceeded to vote on the Conference Report, which was agreed to—yeas 71, nays 57.

The House then went into a Committee of the Whole, Mr. Schofield in the Chair, and resumed the consideration of the tariff bill, having first ordered an evening session.

The amendments pending to the paragraph taxing marble were rejected.

On motion of Mr. Hogan the ad valorem duty on polished marble was increased from 10 to 15 per cent., and a new paragraph added, taxing marble slabs and tiles one dollar per cubic foot, and 25 per cent. ad valorem.

Mr. Hubbard, of Connecticut, moved to strike out the paragraph taxing nickel.

Mr. Garfield moved to amend the paragraph by making the duty on nickel 25 per cent. ad valorem.

Mr. Moorhead moved to amend by increasing the duty from forty to fifty cents per pound. All the amendments were rejected and the paragraph stands as reported.

On motion of Mr. Thayer, wood pencils filled with lead were taxed 50 cents per gross, and 30 per cent. ad valorem, for each length of six and three-quarter inches.

The Committee rose. The House then took a recess.

Evening Session.—On motion of Mr. O'Neill, the duty on metalic pens was increased by adding 25 per cent. ad valorem, the gross to consist of 144.

On motion of Mr. Morrill, the duty on percussion caps was increased by adding 40 per cent. ad valorem.

On motion of Mr. Garfield, a paragraph was added taxing hair pins of iron wire 50 per cent. ad valorem.

On motion of Mr. Kelly, a paragraph was added taxing gold wire 20 per cent. ad valorem.

On motion of Mr. Spaulding, a duty of five dollars per ton was put upon grindstones, finished, and 30 per cent. ad valorem on Bristol stone and Bristol brick.

Mr. Griswold moved to strike out the tax on analine dyes, and to tax analine oil 10 per cent. ad valorem. Agreed to.

Mr. Rollins moved to reduce the tax on preparations or fluid extracts not provided for from ten to two dollars, which was agreed to.

Mr. Williams moved to add a paragraph taxing soda ash, solicate of soda and sal soda and caustic soda, which was rejected.

Mr. Stroude moved to reduce the duty on living animals from 30 to 20 per cent. ad valorem.

Mr. Wentworth opposed, and

Mr. Ross moved to increase the duty to fifty per cent., which, he said, would be much below the protection claimed by Maryland for her manufactures.

Mr. Pike argued that this was a Western tariff bill got up for the benefit of the West, swinging into Pennsylvania and leaving New England out in the cold, which was careless whether this bill was passed a year hence or now.

Without taking a vote on the amendment the Committee rose, and the House at ten P. M. adjourned.

Public Meetings for the Relief of Portland Sufferers.

NEW YORK, July 6.—A meeting of prominent citizens is to be held to-morrow afternoon, in behalf of the sufferers by the fire at Portland.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., July 5.—A public meeting was held in this city this morning, to take measures for the relief of the suffers at Portland, Maine.

BOSTON, July 6.—A public meeting will be held in the Exchange to-morrow to devise practical means of aid for Portland. The cash contributions in Boston for that purpose already amounts to $25,000.

The citizens of Newburyport, Conn., raised $10,000.

ST. LOUIS, July 6.—At a meeting of the merchants on Change to-day, a committee was appointed to solicit subscriptions for the Portland sufferers. Much sympathy is felt for them by the citizens generally, and a handsome sum will doubtless be raised.

Canada and the United States—Cost of the Fenian Raid.

NEW YORK, July 6.—A special to the *Tribune* from Montreal, July 6, says: The bill introduced into Congress to establish conditions for the admission of these provinces into the Union, has caused an angry feeling in Government circles. The bill is looked upon as a bid to the provinces to throw off their allegiance to Great Britain, and join what is termed here "the partial confederation of the United States." The feeling is against any such step.

The Commissioners appointed to ascertain the damage done in the late raids of the Fenians, report that in the east it will amount to $15,000 to $25,000, and in the west from $50,000 to $70,000.

Stabbed by a School Teacher—Probable Homicide.

LOUISVILLE, July 6.—E. J. McGinnis, a teacher, recently established a system of Doctor Reform for refusal to participate in gymnastic exercises, and was dismissed from the school. Dr. McGinnis published a letter in the Democrat in relation to the matter. McGinnis assaulted Roberts and stabbed him, probably fatally. McGinnis has not yet been arrested.

Judge Arrested—Remains of Rev Theodore Clapp

NEW ORLEANS, July 6.—Justice Read, of Opelousas, was arrested and sent to New Orleans for refusing to execute the writ of Habeas Corpus in the remains of Rev. Theodore Clapp. It will be removed to New Orleans, from Louisville, and a monument erected.

Great Trot at Boston.

BOSTON, July 6.—Over six thousand persons were present to witness the trot to-day over the Riverside track, between Dexter and George Wilkes and the mare Lady Thorn, for a purse of two thousand dollars. The race was won, in three straight heats, by Lady Thorn. Time—2:26½, 2:24½ and 2:22½.

Statue of Washington Restored.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—The statue of Washington, removed from the Virginia Military Institute at Lexington, by General Hunter, on his raid up the Valley of Virginia, has passed through Alexandria by express on its way to this place, an order having been issued for its restoration.

Intense Heat in Poughkeepsie.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., July 6.—The most intense heat prevailed here to-day. The mercury at noon marked one hundred in the shade. One death is reported thus far from sunstroke.

Another Munificent Bequest.

BOSTON, July 6.—George Peabody on Thursday gave fifty thousand dollars to Harvard and same dollars to the Peabody Institute, established by him at South Danvers.

River and Weather at Louisville

LOUISVILLE, July 6.—River falling slowly with five feet of water in canal.

Mercury 90 deg. at noon. Weather cloudy, indicating a storm. Barometer, 29.60.

Probable Recovery of Gen. Lane.

LEAVENWORTH, July 6.—General Lane continues favorable, and his friends are hopeful

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Additional Local Matters on Third Page.

Aid for the Portland Sufferers.

In our last issue we suggested the propriety of the authorities calling at once a public meeting of the citizens, in order to forward substantial aid to the sufferers from the late destruction, by fire, of Portland city, Maine. As yet the authorities have not acted upon the suggestion. We learn, however, that Rev. Henry D. Moore, of the Plymouth Congregational church, has already forwarded substantial pecuniary aid from this city, the contributions of a number of charitable citizens. Pittsburghers should not forget how thankfully they received the aid extended them in the bitter time of suffering attendant upon the great conflagration of 1845. In Portland thousands of families are in destitution and really suffering for the necessaries of life, and now is the accepted hour to forward aid. No time should be lost in the good work. Contributions in money will be promptly forwarded by Rev. H. D. Moore, and it is to be hoped that our citizens will do their full duty towards aiding the suffering people of Portland. Contributions left at this office will be duly acknowledged and forwarded.

Court of Quarter Sessions.

In this court, on Thursday, the case of Leopold Hart, Frederick Tatampie and John Wails, indicted for riot, was tried. The parties were charged with acting in a riotous manner at the house of John Fremholtz, in Lawrenceville, on the evening of May 21st. The jury found a verdict of guilty. Sentence deferred.

Yesterday John Fremholtz was placed on trial on an indictment of assault and battery. Leopold Hart, one of the defendants in the preceding case appearing as prosecutor. The jury returned a verdict of not guilty, and directed the prosecutor to pay the costs.

Richard Smith, proprietor of a drinking saloon in the Fourth Ward, Allegheny, plead guilty to three indictments for selling liquor without license. He was sentenced to pay fines aggregating two hundred and fifty dollars, the costs in each case, and to undergo forty days imprisonment in the county jail. Fred. Pinkerton also plead guilty to a similar charge, and was sentenced to pay a fine of ten dollars and costs. John Walsh plead guilty on three indictments for a similar offence. Thomas Smith on two, and Rudolph Bechtold on one. Sentence deferred.

The business of the court was concluded in the afternoon, and the jurors were discharged.

Corner Stone Laid.—The corner stone of the new Catholic Church on Penn avenue was laid on Wednesday, with all the pomp and solemnity usual on such occasions. Rt. Rev. M. Domenec, assisted by several clergymen, officiated. The new church will be a beautiful site in the centre of the town, and will cost, when completed, the handsome sum of $50,000. The corner stone of the edifice will be liquidated by the congregation alone.

Sent to Jail.—William Barker and Alfred Johnson, whose arrest for stealing two ladies on Liberty street while returning from the Theatre we noticed in yesterday's GAZETTE, were arraigned before Mayor M'Carthy yesterday, but the ladies declining to prosecute, the serious charge of assault and battery was abandoned, the accused escaping with a thirty days' sojourn in the County jail for disorderly conduct.

Plead Guilty.—Annie Lisdale was before Justice Lipp, of Birmingham, yesterday, charged with surety of the peace, on oath of Christian Schild. In the absence of the prosecutor from his home on the 4th of July, she entered his dwelling, and abused his wife, calling her a thief, and other genteel names. Annie put in a plea of guilty, and gave bail in the sum of $200 to keep the peace.

Endeavored to Steal a Horse.—Brown Dawson entered Andrew Sickman's livery stables, on Penn street, in the Fourth ward, at a late hour on Thursday night, and endeavored to steal a horse by taking it through an opening in the rear of the stable. Officer Quples succeeded in arresting Brown yesterday and lodging him in the tombs, where he yet remains.

Stole a Razor.—An individual named J. Lankerd entered a barber's shop in the Diamond, Allegheny,

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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JOSIAH KING, NELSON P. REED } Business Managers.

SATURDAY, JULY 7, 1866.

UNION REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS,

FOR GOVERNOR:

MAJ. GEN. JOHN W. GEARY,

OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

SHERIFF:
SAMUEL B. CLELEY, City.

CLERK OF COURT:
JOHN G. BROWN, Hampton Tp.

CLERK OF ORPHANS COURT:
ALEXANDER HILANDS, City.

RECORDER:
HENRY SHIVELY, City.

REGISTER:
JOSEPH M. GRAY, Plum Tp.

COMMISSIONER:
GEORGE HAMILTON, City.

DIRECTOR OF POOR:
JOHN F. BRAVO, Mifflin Tp.

ASSEMBLY:
JOHN P. GLASS, City.
GEORGE WILSON, Pitt Tp.
GEORGE Y. EWALT, North Fayette Tp.
SAMUEL CHADWICK, Collins Tp.
WILLIAM PETER, Ross Tp.
R. A. COLVILLE City.

GENERAL GEARY ON COAL.

Not many days ago telegraphic dispatches announced that General GEARY was at Washington, deeply interested in securing such an adjustment of the Tariff as would protect the miners of bituminous coal in Pennsylvania from foreign competition. Beyond these announcements we known nothing of the matter. But the Troy (N. Y.) *Whig* is highly indignant with General GEARY, and expresses the mild hope that if his has been so engaged, "he will be beaten" by Mr. CLYMER. It follows on with a tirade which demonstrates how easy it is for fluent people to write glibly about topics of which they know nothing. Let us take a specimen:

"The people have been the victims of extortionate and exorbitant prices on coal quite long enough. Last winter in this city they were compelled to pay fifteen dollars per ton by a monopolizing combination. The extortions practiced in the coal trade have been little less than downright swindles. The transportation lines combined and put up prices of freight enormously. The owners of mines also combined, and in fact every one connected with the trade conspired to keep up prices, and none seemed satisfied with moderate profits."

Not the slightest proof is offered to sustain these incriminations. None exists. There is not a particle of fact in any of the statements, as every man acquainted with the details of the coal trade knows perfectly well.

The Companies concerned in transporting coal to market may be divided into two sorts—those that mine and sell coal, and those that do not, but only carry it at a stipulated price, the same as other descriptions of freight. The larger part of the coal is transported by the latter companies. There is no practicable basis on which these two sorts of companies can combine.

Of the Companies that freight only their own coal, some of the heaviest have regularly every fortnight, for years, put up fifty thousand tons each at public auction, in New York, and sold in lots to the highest bidder. The Delaware and Hudson Canal Company and the Pennsylvania Coal Company have been in the New York Courts steadily for ten years, one of them trying to put up tolls and the other to put them down. The Pennsylvania Coal Company is so completely at loggerheads with the Erie Railway Company, on the question of tolls, that its business by rail has been entirely suspended since last March, and is not likely to be resumed this summer, making a deficit in the supply of 800,000 tons. These are but samples of the disagreements among Coal Companies respecting coal freights. Surely with such facts existing our Troy contemporary must either have a supreme contempt for the intelligence of its readers, or else itself be in a condition of stolid ignorance on the whole matter on which it undertook so oracularly to discourse.

Equally baseless is the charge that the "owners of mines" have combined. Transportation Companies, owning mines, have a direct interest in reducing the price of coal in the mining districts. This conflict of interest is perpetual. Any man who spends a week in Luzerne county, making inquiries on this point, will soon satisfy himself that it is simply impossible to bring the transportation companies into combination with the individual owners of coal mines to enhance prices. To use a Wall street phrase, the one set are bulls and the others set bears of the coal trade in the districts in which they operate.

The only combination that has existed in the Anthracite regions has been on the part of the miners against the owners, both individual and corporate. Last year several of the largest Companies entirely ceased business for ninety days in resistance of this combination, and then only partially succeeded. This cessation of business caused a material advance in the price of coal last season. The rise was not the result of combination, but of resistance thereto.

Up to 1863 the coal trade of Pennsylvania did not yield an average amount of profit. Vast losses were from time to time incurred. Combinations were attempted and found to be impossible. The consumers had the advantage of cheap fuel. In 1863, '64 and '65 the coal trade flourished, by reason of the increased demand, and the impracticability of building new transportation lines rapidly enough to increase the supply ratably to the augmented consumption. All concerned in the coal trade made unprecedented profits, and indemnified themselves for previous losses. This year the coal trade is not clearing ten per cent. on the capital invested, or anything like it.

THE WAR.

Space and time prevented us yesterday from completing our panorama of the European war-pieces, and we shall therefore today devote part of a column to the completion of our sketch. We described the action of the Frankfort Diet on the portentuous vote of the 14th. By the subsequent withdrawal of Prussia this body really became dissolved and extinct, but the friends of Austria thought differently. They resolved to remain in session and prevail upon the foreign embassadors to remain in Frankfort. Thus this shadow of a shadow lingers out a precarious existence, awaiting a death as sure in regard to fact, as it is uncertain in regard to time. If in its times of prosperity it had evinced but half the energy which it now shows in its death-struggle, this fratricidal war would never have occurred. Its spasmodic efforts resemble very much the last struggle of any other dying creature, and will, though unintentionally, have the tendency of involving in its ruin its supporters, the numerous princes and potentates of little power and less capacity infecting the body politic of Germany.

In the same manner as the portion of the Diet mentioned above have excluded Prussia from its body, that State and her few supporters have flung back the gauntlet and constituted a body of their own. After declaring the action of the Diet illegal, they have voted Austria, or rather the German provinces of Austria, (because only these were hitherto represented in the Diet) out of the confederation. A new constitution is so formed to be submitted to the vote of the German people, and the relations of the Austrian duchies are to be regulated by common action of the new body. This indicates a resolution to conquer them, because it is only conquered territory, whose political affairs can be regulated without their consent. There is no doubt that Prussia intends acting on the offensive, but whether she will succeed, is a question of time. Thus far she has done admirably. The discontent at home is dying out—we mean the political discontent, not that occasioned by famine and want—and the feverish activity of the government is beginning to seize the masses. Their contingent is brought to the immense size of seven hundred thousand men, and the rapidity with which these masses are hurled over the border is significant. Readiness of attack generally indicates strength, and lends the prestige of success to the invading masses. On the other hand the weaker party generally satisfies itself with defensive preparations, and in this light we cannot help seeing the inactivity of the Austrians, although we admit that there are few rules without exceptions. We cannot help feeling amused, when we read sentences like the following in our exchanges: Austria has suffered the Prussians to possess themselves of Dresden and of Leipsic, to gain important advantages, but only wait; it is undoubtedly for good reasons. Let the Prussians fortify themselves; BENEDICK will soon push forward and drive the invaders back.

Such cant we hear in the ring, when one of the combatants has got his hand sprained or one of his eyes closed by a well directed blow of his antagonist. We hear it on the race grounds, when one courser has gained on the rest, and the anxious betters on the backward animals try to keep up their courage against hope. We maintain that it is always safer and easier to prevent than to deprive, and that if the Austrians were incapable to prevent the Prussians from occupying Saxony, it will be a good bit harder for them to drive them out again, after they have fortified themselves to their heart's content.

To-morrow we shall likely have further news from Europe, and probably be able to see more clearly into the Italian campaign. There the interest of liberty and its adherents is centered, for if we merely *hope* again for freedom from the war in Germany, we *expect* it with certainty from the campaign on the Mincio. God speed the Right and give succor to the just cause.

GENERAL NEWS.

—Guerillas are rampant in Mississippi.

—A man stole a steam engine at Pithole, Pa.

—Steam hair-brushing is in vogue in Chicago.

—Seven ice-houses were burned in St. Louis during the recent hot weather.

—Cattle disease has broken out among the buffaloes on the Red River plains.

—Lindsley, the "Reverend" monster who whipped his child to death, has escaped to Canada.

—There are 150,000 Tyrolese in the Austrian army who can shoot straight to the bull's eye.

—The practice of throwing vitriol upon ladies' dresses has been revived in Brooklyn, N. Y.

—England employs iron to the extent of 160 lbs. per head of population; America, 130 lbs. per head.

—The largest income in Chicago is that of P. Schuttler, the wagon manufacturer, which is $158,135.

—Sherman says the Indians will sign a treaty with one hand and snatch a scalp with the other.

—The new city directory of New York, just issued, contains 176,511 names, an increase over last year of 10,367.

—The old Boston Church, on "Church Green," dating as far back as 1719, is to be torn down, and the site devoted to commerce.

—It is reported that General F. P. Blair will stump Iowa against General Dodge, and that Mr. Boolittle will stump the First District for Fitz Henry Warren.

—The two Memphis editors returned from their duelling expedition to Mississippi unharmed. They were arrested at Hernando and bound over to keep the peace.

—"Dr." Mary E. Walker predicts female suffrage and office holding in this country within the next ten years, and thinks the Southern States will lead off in this great reform.

—The saying of a White Mountain stage driver to a New Yorker sitting with him, "I s'pose if I went to New York I should gawk around as you folks do up here," is not bad.

—A gentleman of St. Louis, who has a farm in the vicinity of that city, has just discharged a German tenant for eating a fine colt belonging to the former, and much valued by him.

—Mrs. Mary Ann Lynch, of Binghamton, N. Y., took a dose of morphine "to prevent her head from aching," which placed her beyond the reach of her drunken, cruel husband.

—Gilder Weazel, an Alabama negro, was arrested for choking his wife, and the forgiving partner of Gilder's bosom attempted to exculpate the Weazel by saying, "Dat's de way we plays."

—A negro in King William county, Va., killed a black snake eight feet long, whose stomach contained a young rabbit, five partridge eggs, two frogs, two hen's eggs, a lizard, and a small chicken.

—A woman in Anamosa, Iowa, last week got a decree of divorce on account of her husband's intimacy with a certain widow. The husband procured a certificate the same day and married the gay widow.

—A Mr. Lake, of Chicago, an enthusiastic numismatologist, it is said, has obtained, by the assistance of various missionaries in China, a complete set of Chinese coins from the year 245 B. C. to the present dynasty.

—An English paper relates that Rev. Paul Hamilton, a Scottish clergyman, preached a farewell sermon to the ladies of Ayr, not a little to the surprise of his fair auditory, gave out his text—"And they fell upon Paul's neck and kissed him."

—The fertility of English novelists has often been animadverted upon in the German press; but what is to be said of an authoress (Mrs., or Miss Kathinka Litz) who, under the name of K. Th. Lianitzka, is at out to publish twenty-eight volumes all at once?

—David Quinn, philosopher, pamphleteer and spiritual psychologist, has memorialized Congress, in an elaborate pamphlet, praying that august body to re-establish slavery in these United States. David formerly took his daily rations in Cincinnati; his domicile is now in the high and mighty city of Chicago.

—The post mortem examination of a little girl, aged seven years, who died in Bethlehem, Connecticut, revealed the fact that her death was caused by particles which had been bitten from her finger nails. They were swallowed, and, sticking into the sides of her stomach, caused ulceration and death ensued.

—A steamer from Fort Benton reports 3,000 hostile Indians encamped within fifteen miles of the fort, but no hostile acts had been committed up to date of the steamer's departure. There had been further discoveries of rich gold diggings in the mountains; in one place four men had taken out $2,000 in a day.

—The most remarkable wedding anniversary on record has just been celebrated at Olmultz, Bavaria. A landed proprietor of that place gave a fete in honor of his golden wedding, and the united ages of husband and wife amounted to two hundred years. He was 103 and she 97, and they were married in 1791.

Saxony and Bavaria.

These are the principal allies of Austria among the minor German States. They will probably continue faithful to her as long as the fortunes of war are on her side, but not longer. In the last great European war, they allied to the Emperor Napoleon, (who raised them from principalities to kingdoms) until the hour of his reverses came, and then they deserted him for a stronger alliance.

On the great battle-field of Leipsic, fought in October, 1813, 8,000 Saxon troops, who were intrusted with an important position on the French side, went over to the Allies in the heat of the engagement, giving to those they had left the benefit of their guns as they passed over. This act of most unparalleled treachery greatly increased the defeat of the French, and obliged them to retire from Germany.

This battle of Leipsic is distinguished as the one in which the largest number of combatants were engaged that is recorded in modern history. It is known as the battle of the nations. The allies—Russia, Prussia, Austria, Germany and Sweden—brought into the field 290,000 men. The French and Italians were 175,000 strong, making nearly 500,000 soldiers in all.

Bavaria was faithful to France until she retreated from Germany, when she passed quickly over to the other side. Retiring from Leipsic with the wreck of his army to France, Napoleon found the way barred against him by the Bavarian forces, posted in very strong positions on the principal roads. It was only after desperate fighting and great generalship that Napoleon succeeded in dispersing his late allies—those who had basked with him in the sun of his prosperity, but fled the moment the cold blast of winter came upon his fortunes. They are small States situated in the vicinity of large and powerful ones, and it is only by looking out sharply after their own interests, and never being found with the weaker forces, that they maintain a separate existence.

GEORGE MUIR, of Armstrong's Coal Works, Penn township, Allegheny county, speaks as follows of the

REV. E. A. WILSON'S

Great Remedy for Consumption:

"I was reduced so low with consumption that I was unable to leave my bed, and physicians informed me that they could do nothing more for me, case being utterly hopeless, that I had not certainly over a month to live. At this stage I was induced to try REV. E. A. WILSON'S REMEDY, and to-day I am as well as any man in the world. If there are any who doubt this statement, they can call and see me, (as per above address) and I will give them all the particulars of my extraordinary recovery.

The sole agency for the sale of WILSON'S CONSUMPTIVE REMEDY in Pittsburgh is

JOSEPH FLEMING,

No. 84 Fifth Street,

No. 84 Market Street.

Sent by mail anywhere on receipt of $3,50

jy6:tf8

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 54 Fifth Street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

FIRST CHRISTIAN CHURCH, ALLEGHENY CITY, EXCELSIOR HALL, corner of Federal and Lacock streets. Pastor, JOSEPH KING. Services at 10 a. m. and 7½ p. m. Prayer Meeting on WEDNESDAY EVENING at 7½ o'clock. jy7

THE PLYMOUTH CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, in the new ACADEMY OF MUSIC, Diamond alley, Fifth, Kentucky, will preach TO-MORROW MORNING at 10½ A. M., and the Pastor, Rev. HENRY D. MOORE, will preach in the evening at quarter before eight. jy7

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH.

Until the completion of the new Chapel, services will be held in MASONIC HALL, Diamond alley, preaching by the Pastor, Rev. JAMES E. DICKINSON, every SABBATH at 10½ o'clock, a. m. and quarter to 8 p. m.

SABBATH SCHOOL at 2 o'clock, p. m.

All are cordially invited to attend. jy7

UNION REPUBLICAN EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY FOR 1866.

JOHN W. RIDDELL, Chairman.....Lawrenceville.
CAPT. W. N. EWING.....Temperanceville.
GEORGE F. GILMORE.....Pittsburgh.
GEN. A. L. PEARSON.....Lawrenceville.
WM. M. HILL.....Pittsburgh.
COL. T. M. BAYNE.....Ross Township.
A. M. WATSON.....Sewickley.
DANIEL UNDERWOOD.....Pittsburgh.
STEPHEN R. GEYER.....Allegheny.
COL. J. B. CUTHBERT.....Elizabeth.
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J. H. RALSTON.....Collins Township.
MELCHOR VERNER.....Baldwin Township.
WM. F. MILLER.....Collins Township.
JOSEPH A. FLECK.....Peebles Township.
WM. M. HERSH.....Pittsburgh.
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JOHN W. RIDDELL, Chairman.
A. L. PEARSON, } Secretaries.
T. M. BAYNE, }

jy7:tf2

PRICES REDUCED.

SUMMER DRESS GOODS,

For sale at VERY LOW PRICES, by

WHITE, ORR CO.,

No. 25 Fifth Street.

jy7

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AND COAL LANDS FOR SALE.—By order of the District Court of Allegheny county, in partition, No. 94, I offer for sale on the premises, the residence of Mrs. SUSAN B. WILSON, in Elizabeth township, on FRIDAY, August 3d, 1866, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the Real Estate of the late Zaiman Wilson, deceased, consisting of Tract No. 1, on which are the Brick Mansion House, Barn, Stable, &c., containing 110 acres 42 2-10 perches, of which there are 104 acres 10 2-10 perches of Coal, by survey, and Tract No. 2, on which are a small Log Tenant House and Stable, containing 80 acres 34 3-10 perches, of which there are 54 acres 85 perches of Coal.

TERMS—One-third cash on delivery of deed after confirmation of sale; the balance to be paid in two equal annual instalments, with interest, to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

THOS. J. KEENAN, Master in the party.
jy7:t2tawF No. 117 Diamond street.

TIBBY, M'KEE & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS OF

FLINT GLASS PRESCRIPTION VIALS AND BOTTLES.

Office, No. 90 WATER STREET, 2d floor.

Works, LUMBER STREET, near Penn.

All ware warranted equal to any in the city. jy7:12s-tuS

BUY IT! TRY IT!

SCULL'S BAKING POWDER

Is now the best in the market, taking precedence of all other makers. Pronounced by the most experienced Bakers and Cooks to be the BEST. It is QUICK, SURE and NUTRITIOUS; is guaranteed free from anything but what is pure and healthful.

Don't Fail to Get It.

For sale by all Grocers in Pittsburgh and Allegheny.

Office and Salesroom, 130 ARCH STREET, Philadelphia. jy7:tf8,tTS

EXCELSIOR

OMNIBUS AND LIVERY STABLE,

No. 410 Penn Street.

JAMES K. DAIN, Proprietor.

Omnibuses and carriages furnished for all trains. Also, Carriages for Funerals, Weddings and Parties, at short notice and reasonable rates.

Stable Open Day and Night.

jy3:eow,T,TH,S

FARM FOR SALE.—I offer for sale my farm of two hundred acres, lying on the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railroad, six miles south of Kenton, Hardin county, Ohio. The farm is well watered by springs and Silver Creek, which runs through the lands. About 100 acres cleared. A good two-story Frame Dwelling, two tenant houses, two orchards, and other improvements. Will be sold together or in two lots. Terms, one-third down, and balance in two equal annual payments, with interest.

PETER CALHOUN.

jy7:tf19:wF

EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, PITTSBURGH, PA., July 7, 1866.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS, notice is hereby given that the ADDITIONAL STOCK authorized shall, until further notice, be assigned to subscribers at the rate of SIXTY-SIX DOLLARS for each share.

A. M. MURRAY, Cashier.

jy7:es7:d&w

FOR SALE.—Under an order from the Orphans' Court of Allegheny County, I will, on the 1st DAY OF AUGUST, 1866, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the Court House, sell at Public Auction, the HOUSE AND LOT OF GROUND, formerly the residence of Lorenz Franklin, deceased, situate in Reserve township, being lots Nos. 124 and 125 of Reineman's plan of lots, having erected thereupon the Brick Mansion House, Barn, Stable, &c., containing 110 acres 42 2-10 perches, of which there are 104 acres 10 2-10 perches of Coal, by survey, and prepare No. 2 on which are a small Log Tenant House and Stable, containing 80 acres 34 3-10 perches, of which there are 54 acres 85 perches of Coal.

TERMS—One-third cash on delivery of deed after confirmation of sale; the balance to be paid in two equal annual instalments, with interest, to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

THOS. J. KEENAN, Master in the party.
jy7:t2awF No. 117 Diamond street.

TIBBY, M'KEE & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS OF

FLINT GLASS PRESCRIPTION VIALS AND BOTTLES.

Office, No. 90 WATER STREET, 2d floor.

Works, LUMBER STREET, near Penn.

All ware warranted equal to any in the city. jy7:12s-tuS

PRODUCE FOR SALE BY HENRY REA, JR., 285 Liberty street:

5,000 bushels prime Shelled Corn;
3,000 bushels prime Ear Corn;
2,000 bushels prime Oats;
400 bushels prime Spring Barley;
40,000 pounds White Middlings;
6,000 pounds Shorts;
200 bushels Cloverseed. jy7:tf2

BEEF TONGUES.

A fresh supply of

EXTRA SMOKED BEEF TONGUES.

Just received and for sale by the dozen or piece, at the Family Grocery Store of

JOHN A. RENSHAW,
jy7 corner Liberty and Hand streets.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

(Successors to S. Jones & Co.,)

Corner Fourth and Wood Sts.,

BANKERS & BROKERS,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

Government Securities, Foreign Exchange, Gold, Silver and Coupons.

COLLECTIONS made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas.

Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

CHEAP SKY-LIGHT

And Best Photographs

TO BE HAD.

Life-Size Portraits, Miniature Pictures,

AT W. T. PURVIANCE & CO.'S,

Nos. 2 and 4 St. Clair Street,

Pittsburgh.

jy7:w

SCYTHES,

Snaths
Hay Rakes,
Shovels,
Spades,
Hoes,

And every kind of Agricultural Implements, at

JAMES BOWN,

136 Wood Street, Pittsburgh,

jy7:ws

FARM AND COAL LAND FOR SALE

In Robinson township, six miles out the Steubenville Pike, three quarters of a mile from Mansfield, a farm of thirty-one acres, of which twenty-five acres is underlaid with coal. From 2 to 5 acres of the tract is well timbered. The improvements are a log house and barn, and a frame stable, and all under good fence. It is well watered. The coal lies at such an elevation as will render the shipment of it on the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad easy. Apply for further particulars to

S. S. BRYAN,
Broker in Stocks and Real Estate,
jy7 57 Fourth st., (Burke's Buildings.)

GAUZE MERINO

UNDER-CLOTHING,

FOR LADIES, MISSES, GENTS & CHILDREN'S WEAR,

AT

PHELAN'S

Old Stand Stocking Store,

24 Fifth Street.

jy7

ASSESSOR'S OFFICE, INTERNAL REVENUE, 2d DISTRICT, Pa.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested, that the lists of Income Tax, Licenses, &c., for that portion of the Twenty-third District, Pennsylvania, embraced in the county of Allegheny, will be open for examination at my office No. 84 Water street, Allegheny, on the 25th and 26th day of July, at which time and place I will hear all appeals presented to me relative to any erroneous or excessive valuations, assessments or classifications made by the Assistant Assessors for the said county.

All appeals must be made in writing, and must specify the particular cause, matter or thing respecting which a decision is requested, and shall also state the ground or principle of error complained of. No appeal can be allowed to any party after the list has been transmitted to the Collector. After the above date all persons aggrieved who have neglected to make returns will be subjected to the penalties provided by law.

SAMUEL MARKS,
U. S. Assessor, 23d District, Pa.

City of Allegheny, July 6, 1866. jy7:12s

J. D. RAMALEY,

334 Liberty Street,

Dealer in all kinds of

Boots and Shoes.

Always on hand a large and varied assortment of

Ladies', Misses' and Children's

CUSTOM MADE SHOES AND GAITERS,

Of the finest New York Manufacture.

And at Lower Prices than Down Town

Remember the FOUR LARGE WINDOWS, opposite Wayne street. jy27:eod,TTS

MERCHANTS' HOTEL,

Corner Smithfield and Third Streets,

PITTSBURGH.

THIS OLD FAVORITE HOTEL having been thoroughly renovated, repaired and refurnished,

IS NOW OPEN FOR THE RECEPTION OF GUESTS.

The proprietor (formerly of the ST. CHARLES,) expects from its central location, its experience, determination to please, and by MODERATE CHARGES, to deserve and receive a liberal patronage.

S. H. RIAL, Proprietor.

jy29:s45

OFFICE OF CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY CO., PITTSBURGH, June 28th, 1866.

NOTICE TO BAKERS.—Sealed Proposals, addressed to "The Inspectors of the Allegheny Prison," will be received at this office until July 6, 1866, inclusive, for furnishing the County Prison with Bread, for six months, from July 12. Loaves to weigh one and two and four pounds respectively, and to be of approved quality. Bids to be made at so much per pound. Bond for two thousand dollars will be required for faithful performance of contract. The name of the security must accompany the bid. Bills endorsed by the Warden and probated at this office, will be paid monthly.

jy30:e67 HENRY LAMBERT, Controller.

PHOENIX STEAM BREWERY.

JOS. SPENCER.....JAS. M'KAY.

SPENCER & McKAY,

MALSTERS AND BREWERS

OF

Ale, Porter and Brown Stout,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ROBERT WATSON, Manager. jy19:665

STEAM ENGINE, BOILERS, ETC., FOR SALE.

One Steam Engine, with boilers and a Worthington Pump, the engine nearly new and first-class; heavy iron bed-plate, pulleys, fly-wheel 8feet by 12 inches face, steam pipes and force pump, together with thirty feet of shafting and pulleys. Also, two double 16-inch flued Boilers, each 26 feet by 42 inches, and one single Worthington Pump, cylinder 12 inch stroke by 8 inch diameter. Inquire of

JOHN PHILLIPS, 26 St. Clair street, or
ISAAC JONES,
jy2:e63 Corner of Ross and First streets.

WM. HERLEHY.....H. JOHNSON.

HERLEHY & JOHNSON,

PRACTICAL

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters,

Fifth Street Extension,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

All orders by mail executed satisfactorily and promptly attended to.

A full line of Bath Tubs, Pumps, Basins, Water Closets, Sinks, Chandeliers, Pendants, and Gas Fixtures, for sale at the most reasonable prices.

Orders from country patrons by mail promptly attended to.

Gas Hose of every description. jy23:d98

REMOVAL OF THE HORSE MARKET,

In Allegheny City, from the ST. LAWRENCE HOTEL, Federal street, to the WM. PENN HOUSE, corner of Pasture Lane and Jackson street.

The OPENING SALE to commence on FRIDAY, June 29th, and to continue EVERY TUESDAY and FRIDAY.

P. McKAMEE, Auctioneer.

jy27:e29

CATAWBA WINE.—20 cases Zimmerman's Gin innati sparkling

CATAWBA WINE,

Quarts and pints, on hand and for sale by

MILLER & RICKETSON,
jy3 221 and 223, corner Liberty and Irwin sts.

CLARET AND CHAMPAGNE

WINE.

75 cases and baskets just received per Pa. R. R., by

MILLER & RICKETSON,
jy2 221 and 223, corner Liberty and Irwin sts.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TRIMMINGS AT EATON'S.

A Beautiful Line of

WHITE AND BLACK BEAD TRIMMINGS,
GUIPURE LACES,
"IMITATION GUIPURE LACES,
CROCHET BUTTONS, etc., etc.,

WITH A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

LADIES' COTTON HOSIERY,
MISSES COTTON HOSIERY,
BOY'S COTTON HOSIERY,
GENTS COTTON HALF HOSE,
GENTS LISLE THREAD HOSE,
LADIES' WHITE SILK GLOVES,
BUFF SILK GLOVES,
SQUARE LACE VEILS,
BLACK SPOTTED NETS,
REAL LACES AND EDGINGS,
LINEN COLLARS & CUFFS,

WITH A COMPLETE STOCK OF

EMBROIDERIES, WHITE GOODS, FANCY GOODS,

AND NOTIONS,

At Wholesale or Retail, at

F. H. EATON'S,

17 Fifth Street.

jy7

NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY,

423 Penn Street,

FIFTH WARD, PITTSBURGH.

Deposits received and interest allowed on deposits.

Collections made on all the principal points of the United States.

ALL KINDS OF

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bought and Sold.

THE STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY RESPONSIBLE.

ROBERT DICKSON, President.
JOHN H. RALSTON, Vice President.
ROBERT J. GRIER, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

ROBERT DICKSON,	CHARLES MYERS,
JOHN H. RALSTON,	JOSEPH LANG,
WILLIAM SMITH,	WILLIAM BRICKELL,
CHAS. H. ARMSTRONG	WM. CRAWFORD, Jr.,
JAMES LITTELL,	PAUL SIEBERT,
DR. J. KAHL,	JAMES TAYLOR.

jy6:tf7

BAILIFF, BROWN & CO.

PLUMBERS, GAS & STEAM PIPE FITTERS,

No. 55 Federal St., Allegheny,

AND

672 Penn Street, Pittsburgh.

WATER AND GAS FIXTURES constantly on hand.

Houses fitted up with GAS, WATER or STEAM PIPES at short notice.

Oil Refineries fitted up at short notice and in the most approved style.

AGITATORS, TANKS, &c., lined with Sheet Lead by new process, with Hydro-Atmospheric Blow Pipe.

We keep constantly on hand a large supply of SHEET LEAD, LEAD PIPE, IRON AND BRASS COCKS, FITTINGS OF ALL KINDS, HYDRANT HOSE, and in fact all material kept by a first-class establishment.

We would invite the attention of all who have any work to do in our line of business, as we feel confident we can give the best of satisfaction as regards material, workmanship and price. jy6:13

CARPETS! CARPETS! CARPETS!

McFARLAND & COLLINS,

71 & 73 Fifth Street, 2d floor,

Are now in receipt of an unusually large and choice stock of

Carpets, Floor Oil Cloths, Window Shades, Damasks, Repps, Terries, Lace and Nottingham Curtains.

With a host of new and elegant patterns of Cornices to match. Velvet, Brussels, Wilton and Mosaic RUGS, all of the latest designs, direct from the most celebrated looms of Europe and America, and to an examination of which the public are cordially invited.

As this immense stock was purchased before the late rise in gold, it will readily be seen that our patrons will share equally with us the advantages of purchasing at the lowest market rates. jy4

MEN'S BOOTS.

BOYS' BOOTS,

Youths' Boots.

LADIES' BALMORALS,

LADIES' GAITERS,

MISSES AND CHILDRENS' Boots, Balmorals

AND

GAITERS,

AT REASONABLE RATES,

AT

SOUTH & ROSS',

63 *MARKET STREET.*

my22:b8

PETROLIA

BLUE LEAD.

We are now prepared to furnish this STANDARD brand of

BLUE LEAD,

For Refiners' use, promptly and in any quantity.

We guarantee the QUALITY to be SUPERIOR to ANY manufactured in or brought to this city.

T. M. NEVIN & CO.,

N. W. Corner Third and Market Sts.

jy21:d75

CARPET CHAIN.

PLAIN & COLORED, COTTON & LINEN.

ALSO,

COTTON YARNS, ASSORTED NUMBERS

ALL OF BEST QUALITY, FOR SALE BY

A. H. CHILDS & CO.,

At Hope Cotton Mill,

ALLEGHENY CITY, JUST ABOVE RAILROAD BRIDGE.

Samples may be seen and orders left with H. CHILDS & CO., No. 123 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

jy2:e47

J. W. JOHNSTON.....JAS. SCOTT.

JOHNSTON & SCOTT,

DEALERS IN

Fine Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, SILVER-PLATED WARE, ETC.,

No. 274 LIBERTY STREET,

Pittsburgh, Penna.

Particular attention given to Repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewelry. All work warranted. jy6:e28

PITTSBURGH IRON WORKS.

J. PAINTER & SONS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Iron Bucket, Tub and Trunk HOOPS AND SHEETS,

fe16:d39 PITTSBURGH, PA.

P. C. DUFFY,

MANUFACTURER OF

Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware,

And dealer in STOVES, HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS, WATER CLOSETS AND TOILET ARTICLES,

No. 146 Grant Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

This House is the Cheapest place in the city to buy Stoves and Tin Ware. Job Work promptly attended to. my28:b82

ALLEGHENY CITY FLOUR AND FEED STORE,

S. C. McMASTER & CO.,

No. 156 Ohio St., Allegheny,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Flour, Feed & Grain.

Cash paid for Wheat and Rye. je7:e64

GENERAL DRAUGHTING OFFICE.

H. P. GENGEMBRE, Civil Engineer, Chemist and Solicitor of Patents, No. 12 ST. CLAIR STREET, Post Office Box 688. Residence, 14 Hay street, PITTSBURGH, PA. je14:d18

EVERSON, PRESTON & CO.,

PENNSYLVANIA

IRON WORKS,

Warehouse, Nos. 165 and 167 First street, opposite Monongahela House, Pittsburgh, Pa. je16:d19

BELTING! BELTING!!—Leather and Gum Belting. Also, Gum Packing Gaskets, Lace Leather, Rivets, &c., at the best quality, and at the lowest prices, at the India Rubber Depot of

J. A. & E. PHILLIPS,
jy4 28 and 30 St. Clair street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

LESSEE AND MANAGER.....WM. HENDERSON.
MANAGER.....CHAS. H. DUPREZ.

THIRTEENTH ANNUAL SUCCESSFUL TOUR.

We are coming again, with an entire extraordinary New programme, for TWO WEEKS ONLY, commencing

Monday Evening, July 9th, 1866.

Oldest Troupe in the World, enlarged and improved for the season of 1866 and 1867. Return of the great eligantic and incomparable

Duprez & Benedict's

Original New Orleans and Metropolitan

MINSTRELS AND BRASS BAND,

Appearing in their unrivalled Champion

Mammoth Ethiopian Concerts,

Introducing on this occasion all the latest feature in Negro Minstrelsy, by the following famous old favorite stars of thirteen with this Company.

Billy West, Sig. Gustave Bideaux, Lew. Benedict, Calixa Lavallee, Edwin Holmes, Frank Kent, C. H. Duprez, Donsaire Bisco, J. H. Murphy, James Kochi, Fred. Heinbrein, Frank Kritts, Sauil Pond, Edwin M. Parmelee, C. T. Slocum, Chas. Kochi, Billy Preston, Jacob Kochi, Wm. Wayne, George Martin, John Otis.

CHARLEY REYNOLDS,

THE GREAT ETHIOPIAN COMEDIAN, after two years retirement from the stage, will make his first appearance here, Mr. Reynolds is the acknowledged Ethiopian Comedian now in the states, and now his first appearance after his temporary retirement, will be hailed by all admirers of minstrelsy; the whole under the immediate auspices of and control of DUPREZ & BENEDICT, Proprietors, formerly Duprez & Green.

PRICES OF ADMISSION—Dress Circle and Balcony 50c., Family Circle 35c., Third Tier 25c., Private Boxes $6.00. Doors open at 7, Curtain rises at 8 o'clock.

SAMUEL POND, } Advertising Agents.
CHAS. T. BLUM, }
DUPREZ & BENEDICT, Proprietors. jy7:t23

THE MANHATTAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

ORGANIZED 1850.

HENRY STOKES, President.

C. Y. WEMPLE, Secretary.

S. N. STEBBINS, Actuary.

Pittsburgh Branch Agency,

H. L. RINGWALT, Agent,

No. 67 Fourth Street, 2d Story.

BOARD OF REFERENCE AT PITTSBURGH:

Hon. James Lowrey, Jr., ex-Mayor.
J. H. Stewart, Sheriff.
Robert Robb, Attorney.
W. C. Moreland, do
Joseph Peacock,
Joshua Hanna,
Reuben Miller, Jr.,
Josiah King,
W. R. Hart,
J. B. Canfield,
Joseph M. Lippincott,
J. J. Gillespie,
W. O. Hughart,
W. H. Phelps,
John Phillips,
Alex. Leggate,
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James Lippincott,
H. F. Mue

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS, &c

CAUKE ME ... UNDERWEAR,

FOR

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

Linen and Jean Drawers

ew Kid Gloves at 75 cents a pair;

White Cotton Hose at 12 cents a pair;

ive Pair good Cotton Hose for $1,00;

arasols and Silk Sun Umbrellas;

ans in every variety and price;

NEW STYLE PUFF WAISTS;

Puff Berlin Gloves.

EW GOODS RECEIVING DAILY

AT

os. 78 and 80 Market Street.

MACRUM, CLYDE & Co.

JOS. HORNE & CO'S.

...OWN, SUNBEAM AND DERBY HATS, ...W SILKS, DEW DROPS, OPERA, DAISIES, ...QUETTE AND HAMILTON HATS. ...HAIR, STRAW BONNETS in new shapes. ... in all the fashionable styles. RIBBONS, pleats, figured and checked, all ...ades. FEATHERS, WREATHS, BUDS and ROSES. ...TRAW GOODS, TRIMMINGS and ORNAMENTS.

Millinery Goods.

...WISS, CHECKS, BRILLIANT, SAISSOOKS, ...RLAZANS, SHIRRED MUSLINS, LINENS, ...d a full assortment of

WHITE GOODS.

...REAL AND IM. CHUNY LACE COLLARS, ...CIALLE AND IM. VAL. LACE COLLARS, REAL ...INTE LACE COLLARS, SETTS and HAND-...RCHIEFS, HAMBURG TRIMMING AND ...OUNING, SWISS AND CAMBRIC EDGE ...ND INSERTINGS, LINEN COLLARS, CUFFS ...ND SETTS, various styles.

...uff Illusion, Swiss and French Cambric Waists.

...PARIS RUFFLINGS AND SHIRTING, COL-...ARS, SETTS, EDGINGS, FRILLINGS and EM-...BOIDERIES, DRESS TRIMMINGS IN GUIPURE ...ND CHANTILLY LACE, GALLOONS, FANCY ...BAND, BUTTON, BALL AND DROP TRIM-...INGS.

...ead Strawers, Ornaments and Setts.

BUTTONS.

...the choicest styles in BEAD, JET, FANCY ...OTCHET, BLACK AND WHITE PEARL, IM-...ITABLE JET, BALL, GLASS AND CAMEO, ...ain and painted.

...CORSETS, NETS, COILS, HAIR PUFFS AND ...OPS; DE PLESSELITIC and BUTTON HOOP ...SKIRTS, BELTS, BRACELETS, CLASPS AND ...BUCKLES; FANS in great variety from palm leaf ...ivory; SUMMER UNDERWEAR, for ladies and ...nts; SHIRT FRONTS, "STAR" SHIRTS; TIES, ...UTTERFLIES; SPANISH LINEN SHIRTS; ...RAVELING BAGS and SATCHELS; HAIR ...USHES; COMBS; and a

FULL LINE OF NOTIONS.

ALL AT POPULAR PRICES.

Nos. 77 and 79 Market Street.

e15:d24

NEW GOODS!

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

No. 19 Fifth Street.

We are now opening an elegant assortment of EW GOODS, embracing the richest styles of

REAL LACE GOODS,
RICH SILK PARASOLS,
FRILLED PARASOLS,
FINE BONNET RIBBONS,
NEW STYLE DRESS TRIMMINGS,
REAL LACE PIECES,
FINE PEARL BUTTONS.

We have just opened a beautiful lot of REAL ALENCON LACES AND INSERTINGS. We would invite special attention to a new and lendid assortment of

LADIES' BUFF AND WHITE BERLIN GLOVES, LOVES in the new Petroleum and Havana Shades, e assortment of Gentlemen's KID GLOVES. LACE, LACE MITTS—new styles.

A most complete assortment of ...S and CHILDREN'S COTTON HOSE; ...N'S FINE SHIRTS, DERBY TIES, SCARFS; ...OLLARS, HALF HOSE, SUSPENDERS, UM-...RELLAS, &c.

...DIES' and GENT'S GAUZE MERINO UNDER-...VEST.

To Merchants and Dealers.

Our Wholesale Department, now well stocked ith everything in the NOTION LINE, which we fer to the Trade as low as any house East or West.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

19 Fifth Street,

...gents for the "LOCKWOOD MANUFACTUR-...G COMPANY." BRADLEY'S DUPLEX ...LASTIC SKIRT at Manufacturers' Prices.

my12

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,

No. 115 Wood St., Pittsburgh,

...ave just opened a large new stock of

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,

...dapted to the present season's trade, which they ...fer at the LOWEST EASTERN PRICES.

New Prints, Delaines, Lawns, Ging-hams, White Goods, Dress Goods, Shawls, Balmorals, Notions, Cottonades, Farmers' & Mechanics' Cassimeres, Jeans Cloths' Linens, Drills, Bleached nd Brown Sheetings and Shirtings, URLAPS, COTTON & LINEN DUCK, &C.

Merchants are invited to call and examine our ock and prices.

je11

...ARR McCANDLESS & CO.,

(LATE WILSON, CARR & CO.,)

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,

No. 94 Wood St.,

Third house above Diamond Alley,)

je8:d3 PITTSBURGH, PA.

TOBACCO, CIGARS, &c.

EXCELSIOR TOBACCO WORKS.

R. & W. JENKINSON,

MANUFACTURER OF ALL KINDS OF

TOBACCO, SNUFF AND SEGARS,

NO. 6 FEDERAL STREET,

Third door from Suspension Bridge;

ALLEGHENY, PA.

Branch Store at Salem, Ohio. my24:b69

R. B. JEFFRIES,

...anufacturer and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of

TOBACCO, SNUFF AND SEGARS,

...ve a large assortment of MEERSCHAUM PIPES ...d SMOKING TOBACCO of the best quality kept ...n hands. my22:b70

GEORGE BLUMENSCHEIN,

DEALER IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

SEGARS, CHEWING TOBACCO,

Smoking Tobacco, Pipes, &c.,

No. 4 Seventh Street,

(...ear corner of Liberty,)

my23:b44 PITTSBURGH, PA.

JOHN MEGRAW,

MANUFACTURER OF

...ND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

ALL KINDS OF

TOBACCO, SNUFF AND SEGARS,

45 Hand Street.

A general assortment of Smoking Tobacco, Pipes ...d Tobacco Pouches always on hand. my24:b51

BERNARD WIEMAN,

Manufacturer and Dealer in

ALL KINDS OF TOBACCO

SNUFF AND SEGARS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

...o. 205 Ohio St., Allegheny City.

je7:b39

MERCHANT TAILORS.

NEW GOODS!

A Very Large and Select Stock of

BOYS' CLOTHING

JUST RECEIVED, OF

...INES, ALPACCAS, PLAINEL, AND SUMMER CASSIMERES.

Call early and examine.

GRAY & LOGAN,

47 St. Clair Street.

je12

HENRY G. HAHN,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

...ONT HAVING CHANGED HIS PLACE OF BUSINESS ...o FIFTH & ST. CLAIR STREETS, ...spectfully returns thanks to his friends and the pub-...c in general for the liberal patronage so long ...xtended to him, and would respectfully inform them that he has just returned ...om the Eastern markets with a large and well ...lected stock of

FINE WOOLENS,

...specially adapted to GENTLEMEN'S SPRING ...ND SUMMER WEAR.

PAINTERS.

JOHN T. GRAY,

HOUSE AND SIGN

PAINTER, GRAINER AND GLAZIER,

No. 54 Hand St., Pittsburgh.

Plain and Ornamental Signs of every description ...one to order. All work done promptly at reasona-...le rates. je6:b32

WILLIAM M. BROWN,

Late of the firm of BROWN & MORROW,

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,

North East corner of Third and Market Streets

...y21 PITTSBURGH.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

SATURDAY, JULY 7, 1866.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Additional Local Matters on First Page.

The Gazette.—Persons leaving the city during the summer, can have the GAZETTE mailed to them by leaving their address at our counting room.

THE FOURTH AT PHILADELPHIA.

The Procession of Color Bearers—Flag Recognitions—The Prayers and Speeches—The Soldiers' Orphans—Presentation of a Medal to General Meade and of a Sword to General Humphreys,

PHILADELPHIA, July 4, 1866.

Dear Gazette:—With many other Pittsburghers your correspondent was here to-day and witnessed the grand and imposing ceremonies attending the reception of the flags carried by Pennsylvania regiments during the recent four years of bloody war against treason and rebellion. It was, indeed, a grand display, almost equaling the reviews of the great armies of the Union at Washington, after the close of hostilities. It is not my purpose to enter into elaborate details, but to give a brief outline of what attending Pittsburghers saw and heard. By Tuesday night, the 3d, there had been arrivals—in the aggregate very large—from different parts of the State of those who had served as color bearers and in other capacities in the army. Great dignitaries had been announced as in town—Generals Meade, Hancock, Geary, Crawford, Governor Curtin and others—and on the evening of the day were serenaded at the La Pierre House, on Broad street. All went on harmoniously and merrily, and the morning of the glorious Fourth dawned with an unclouded sky. Soon the streets were thronged with people, principal places of business closed, and ere the hour of ten arrived, the vicinity of Broad and Arch streets, whence the procession was announced to start, those thoroughfares were jammed with human beings, horses and vehicular conveyances. At the head of the procession were mounted police officers, who kept the streets clear, from curb to curb, as far as possible, and following them came General Winfield Scott Hancock and staff, escorted by a detachment of the Philadelphia City Troop. The signal gun was fired at ten o'clock, from Penn Square, and General Hancock gave the order to march. Following General H., his staff and escort, came the First Division, led by Major General James S. Negley, of Allegheny county. In this Division were the companies which marched through Baltimore to Washington before the memorable 19th of April, 1861, all of them eastern organizations. At the head of the Second Division rode Maj. Gen. Robert Patterson and staff. This Division was composed of representatives (color bearers and others) from forty-four Pennsylvania regiments, among others the following: 11th; 23d; 28th; Pennsylvania Reserves, (1st, 2d, 4th, 5th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th,) 63d, General J. B. Sweitzer; 50 men and color guard, armed and uniformed. This regiment carried a beautiful banner of white and blue silk, the obverse bearing the badge of the Fifth Corps, the reverse the names of thirty battles.

Eighty-first regiment, Colonel Wilson; 50 men in dark dress.

Seventy-eighth, Colonel Wm. Sirwell, of Kittanning, 18 men with the battle flags.

102d, Gen. F. H. Collier, of Pittsburgh, 22 men. The colors of this regiment was one of the three first stands of National flags placed on the walls of Fort Sumpter, April 26, 1865, and the color bearer gained one-third of the prize offered by General Grant for those who performed that daring feat.

The Third Division was under charge of General Charles T. Campbell, a most noble and fearless soldier, formerly commander of the 57th P. V. organized in the west. His division consisted solely of artillery men.

The Fourth Division, consisting of Cavalry, was led by General D. Mc. M. Gregg.

Next in order came Major General G. G. Meade, with whom was carried the purple battle flag of the commander of the army of the Potomac.

Major Gen. John W. Geary led the Fifth Division, comprised, among others, of the 77th, Col. Rose; 93d, Col. Howell's; 109th, (Roundheads,) Col. Leasure; 56th, Col. Gen. S. Gallupe; 97th, Col. Hambright; 103d, Col. T. F. Lehman; 105th, organized by Col. D. B. Morris; 93d, organized by Col. Rowley; 61st, Col. Orr; 155th, Col. Pearson, and to which he is indebted for his "."

The Sixth Division was assigned to Gen. S. W. Crawford. With it were Gov. Curtin and staff in a hansom, and some six hundred and fifty soldiers orphans, escorted by a delegation of firemen as a guard of honor. The girls were in the embankment of different fire companies, and the boys walked.

The Seventh (and last) Division was under the care of Gen. John S. Brooks, and consisted of the Corps of Invalids and Veterans.

The procession was one hour and twenty minutes in passing the corner of Broad and Chestnut. The right of the line reached the Walnut street Prison, and the caboose Square about half past eleven o'clock, and the soldiers marched into the enclosure.

Entering the square on either hand were presented semi-circular stands rising one above another from the green beneath to the branches of the trees, which have waved in the square almost since the signing of the Declaration of Independence. On the east the hundreds of orphans of the fallen braves were seated, and at intervals they burst forth in song that touched the hearts of all. The seats on the west were principally occupied by ladies, and the main stand in the centre devoted solely to Generals and other officers. While the square was filling with thousands, and order had been requested by Gen. Harry White, an earnest prayer was offered by Rev. Dr. Brainerd. A short, but excited speech by Gen. Meade, who formally presented to Gov. Curtin the colors of the different organizations represented. In closing, the General presented the Governor the standard of the 93d Pennsylvania as the representative of the others. After a short interval, the Governor made, in reply, the oration of the occasion. Chaplain E. Grier next returned "thanks to Almighty God for victory and the return of peace," the assembled multitude reverentially bowing their heads as he prayed.

Generals Hancock, Geary and Negley briefly responded to repeated calls, and afterward the flags were formally handed over to the Adjutant General of the State, by General Joshua T. Owen, in a short speech, General Alex. Russell also briefly responding.

Thus ended the reception ceremonies, but other proceedings followed, which, your space admonishes, must be cut short. The annual meeting of the soldiers of '12 had been held, and an address from them was read, together with resolutions and toasts. In the afternoon Governor Curtin, accompanied by about 500 soldiers' orphan boys, visited the Union League House, and in the evening a most interesting ceremonial took place at the League on the occasion of the presentation of a gold medal to General Meade, and a sword to General Humphries. The presentation to General Meade was made by the Mayor of the city, Hon. Morton McMichael. The medal in diameter is 2½ inches, and its weight 1 1-16 oz. fine gold. The obverse of this medal bears a fine profile likeness of General Meade, with the inscription: "Presented July 4, 1866, to Major General George G. Meade, by the Union League of Philadelphia, as a token of the gratitude of his country men." Two stars beneath the portrait indicate the General's rank. On the reverse is a beautiful group, representing the Genius of America presenting the wreath of victory to General Meade, who is receiving it, and at the same time returning his sword to its sheath. His right foot is placed upon a rebel flag. The inscription on the reverse is "The Victor at Gettysburg. The Deliverer of his States. The Faithful Soldier of Our Country, 1863."

The sword presentation to General Humphreys was made by Hon. George Gibbons, the General replying in his own behalf, after which Governor Curtin and others made speeches. The last speech was from the aged John Burns, of Gettysburg celebrity.

The display of fireworks arranged as a finale to the day's proceedings unfortunately did not take place, disappointing thousands, who had been led to anticipate something grand. A heavy rain which fell late in the afternoon damaged the fireworks appliances to such an extent that they would not properly ignite, and hence the non-fulfilment of the programme. A balloon ascension announced did not come off, also in consequence of the rain.

The celebration of the Fourth of July in Philadelphia, A. D., 1866, will be remembered as an important epoch in the history of our country. Pittsburgh, and the western portion of the State generally, was well represented in the countless throng and many of them marshaled in the procession. Quite a number extended their trip to New York and other points, but the majority returned during Thursday and yesterday.

I was requested to make note of the fact that some of the color bearers did not receive the medal from the committee having charge of the matter. The delegation of the 101st Pennsylvania Volunteers was informed, almost at the last moment, that the passes were exhausted, but to stand up through the energy of their late Colonel, D. R. Morris, and the generosity of the Superintendent of the Railroad from pony, they were provided with tickets, and got to Philadelphia in good shape.

There was some complaint among Pittsburghers as their being slighted by the Philadelphia papers, the *Press*, for instance, having ignored, in its account, the 101st and 63d regiments, and fault was found with some of the arrangements in Independence Square, a few complaining they were kept from enjoying certain privileges given to others not as well entitled to them, if at all. I have no idea that the omission to mention any Pittsburgh organizations was the result of design, and as to the other complaints the same may be said. The arrangements were not complete in all details, but I did not see wherein, all things considered, they could have been much better.

H.

Struck Her.

Elizabeth Kinney appeared before Alderman Lynch, yesterday, and made oath against Bernard Cochran for assault and battery. It appears that the accused, whilst slightly intoxicated, entered the house of the prosecutrix on Webster street, and after using the most opprobious epithets toward her, struck her a severe blow in the back, from the effects of which, to use her own words, "she almost died." A warrant was issued for the arrest of Bernard, but owing to the fact that he had left the city for a brief pleasure trip to Washington county, the police were unable to gain possession of his body. The accused is a peddler by profession, and formerly boarded with Mrs. Kinney.

Fall of a Brick Pile.

—The imminence brick pile, that had for a few days blockaded Fourth street, in front of the Lafayette Hall ruins, fell on Thursday with a tremendous crash causing an intense excitement in the neighborhood. Until the real state of affairs was ascertained. It is hoped that this nuisance will not be re-erected. On any thoroughfare it would be an unsightly nuisance, but on a narrow street, such as Fourth, it is doubly so. If it had been as well papered as its fellows on Fifth street, it would have defied the ravages of man and time, for an indefinite period.

West Virginia.

—The Union State Convention will be held on the 8th August, to nominate a State Ticket, to choose candidates for Congress and Voters, State Senatorships.

EARLY TELEGRAMS.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Pardon of Deserters from the Regular Army—The New Tax Bill—Movements of General Sherman—The Statement of the Public Debt.

NEW YORK, July 6.—The morning papers contain the following specials from Washington:

A general order has been issued by the direction of the President, that all deserters from the regular army who rejoin their regiments at any military post or recruiting rendezvous, prior to the fifteenth of August, will be returned to duty without punishment, on condition that they will make up the lost time, and forfeit their pay.

The Committee on Conference on the tax Bill have agreed upon the following, among other provisions: While street railways can increase their single fares one cent to cover the tax, a proviso requires that they shall sell tickets by the package with only the exact tax added to the regular rate. The paper question stands as fixed by the Senate, viz: Printing paper of all descriptions is free and other paper is taxed three per cent. ad valorem. The tax of one-.....a of one per cent. on all auction sales is repealed. The tax on ready made clothing is fixed at two per cent., and tailors, milliners, shoemakers, &c., are to be exempt from tax as in the House Bill, when their work, exclusive of material, does not exceed one thousand dollars annually. Cordage rope and cable, made of vegetable fibre, are put on the free list.

The Treasury Department is busily engaged in preparing the formal and official statement of the public debt, for the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1866, and will not therefore publish the usual informal monthly statement for July 1st. From four to six weeks will probably elapse before the various accounts can be balanced, returns received, and the official statement be ready for publication.

The War in Germany.

NEW YORK, July 6.—The *Herald's* foreign correspondence shows that the monarchs and people were evidently astonished at the rapid and successful movements of the Prussian armies in Hanover and Saxony.

The report of the occupation of Dresden and Leipsic produced considerable excitement among the citizens of Vienna, but nothing like consternation or excitement.

The utmost and most perfect secrecy was maintained relative to the Austrian plan of campaign.

It was alleged in Paris that the Parisians discarded the Prussians and the policy of Prussia, while on the other hand we are informed from Berlin that the Emperor of France is in hearty accord with Bismark and King Frederick William. It appears as if Napoleon was simply confused.

The Italian volunteers on the right bank of the Po were in sight of the Croatian sentinels doing duty for Austria on the other side.

The Duke De Chartres, Louis Phillippe's grand son, tendered his services as an officer to Victor Emanuel, but the offer was declined by the Italian Cabinet.

Fire in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, July 6.—A double brick house on Vine Street Hill, occupied by S. S. Carpenter and Dr. Wheeler, was destroyed by fire on the 4th. Loss, $13,000.

The total loss in Lawrenceburg, Indiana, by the fire will reach one hundred thousand dollars. Twenty-one buildings were destroyed, covering an area of nearly two acres.

Another Address from Gen. Sweeny.

NEW YORK, July 6.—General Sweeney publishes an address to the Fenian Brotherhood in America, in which he defends his course in the recent raid on Canada. He recommends the organization of circles and the formation of military companies by the members under their chosen leaders. He dates the address at St. Albans, July 4th.

Another Destructive Fire.

CHERRY VALLEY, N. Y., July 6.—All the buildings on the north side of Main street, in this place, from the barns attached to Stearn's Hotel to J. Suttlife's house, were destroyed by fire last night. Loss from seventy-five to one hundred thousand dollars. The fire is believed to have been the work of an incendiary

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

THERE WILL BE A DELEGATE MEETING OF COAL MINERS held at PORT PERRY, on FRIDAY, July 6th, at 1 o'clock. A delegate from each mine is requested to attend, as business of importance will be presented before the meeting.

jy3:te2 By order of the GENERAL BOARD.

NOTICE

To the Tax Payers of the City of Pittsburgh.

THE CITY TREASURER is now ready to receive all taxes payable at this office, No. 119 Fourth street, subject to a reduction of FIVE PER CENT., if paid before the FIRST DAY OF AUGUST NEXT.

The Mercantile Licenses are due and must be paid before the FIRST DAY OF JULY NEXT in order to save cost and expense of suit before an Alderman.

je13:d5 WM. KICHBAUM, Treasurer.

NOTICE.

THE REMAINING PART of the large property for sale laid out in Boyd & Allen's plan of Rose Hill will be sold in lots or by the acre, splendid for gardening purposes or for city residence. Apply to WM. S. BOYD, at the office of Kirkpatrick & Mellon, corner of Diamond and Grant streets, or to RICHARD ALLEN, on the property, at Lower 21 Chair Hotel. my17:a36

McCLELLAND'S

AUCTION EMPORIUM,

Nos. 55 and 57 Fifth Street.

LARGE STOCK OF

NEW GOODS.

Hoop Skirts, all sizes, Rosiery and Gloves, Ladies, Gent's & Childrens' Hdkfs, Cloths, Dress Goods, Balmoral Skirts, House Furnishing Goods, Umbrellas, Parasols, Men's Hats, Straw Goods for Misses and Children, and the usual large and elegant stock of

BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS.

GENERAL PARTNERS, REUBEN MILLER, GEO. W. BARR, CHAS. PARKIN.
SPECIAL PARTNERS, SAM'L M. KIER, SAM'L DUFF.

CRESCENT STEEL WORKS.

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,

MANUFACTURERS OF

BEST QUALITY CAST STEEL,

Warranted Equal to any in the Market, either Imported or of Domestic Manufacture.

SPECIAL ATTENTION PAID TO FINE SPRING STEEL.

Office, 38 Wood Street,

IN ST. CHARLES HOTEL BUILDING.

PITTSBURGH, June 18th, 1866. je18:d49

FOR RENT,

A FARM OF 130 ACRES,

Situated in Jefferson township, Allegheny county, Pa., on the Monongahela river, 14 miles from the city. The improvements are good. The land of the best quality; well adapted for gardening. Possession August 1st, 1866.

ALSO,

A FRAME HOUSE,

With seven rooms and hall, good stable, excellent water at the door; situated on the old Washington road, about 5 miles from the city. Possession immediately.

For further particulars, inquire of

W. H. W

my22:d30 No. 104 Fourth Street.

STEPHEN M. OTT,

GENERAL

Dye Sinker, Seal & Medal Engraver,

STENCIL, BRAND AND STEEL LETTER CUTTER,

SUPERIOR SEAL PRESSES,

Canceling Stamps & Visiting Cards.

Also, PLATES FOR MARKING CLOTHING.

93 Wood St., Cor. Diamond Alley,

(ABOVE DAVIS' BOOK STORE,)

je22:d PITTSBURGH.

The Fountain Horticultural

ICE CREAM SALOON

In Wilkins' Hall, Fourth street, near Smithfield, is

The best fitted, coolest and most inducing FLOWER GARDEN SALOON in the State.

Ice cream, cakes and confectionaries always on hand.

A FINE ORCHESTRA has been engaged for the season, and will be in attendance EVERY NIGHT (except Sunday) from seven till twelve o'clock.

Real ice cream, fruits, and berries, always on hand.

my22:b10 MADAME RUHL, Manageress

TO FARMERS, HAY RAKES.—THE WELCOME PATENTEE, 1865.—It is the best HAY RAKE made. It is self operating, performing its work in light as well as in the heaviest hay ever swept or smoothed grounds. The teeth are steel and warranted to be well tempered and not to break with fair usage. It is very simple in its construction. A child 10 years old, or aged and infirm persons can work it, as the horse raises and depresses the teeth at the will of the operator. For sale, wholesale and retail, at the works in Columbiana, Ohio, or at 319 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa., by

je8:d34 W. H. MACE.

RECORDING REGULATOR'S OFFICE, PITTSBURGH, June 26th, 1866.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the assessments for the grading and paving of High, Rose and Logan streets and Brock alley have been made, and can be seen at this office until the 7TH DAY OF JULY, 1866, after which time they will be returned to the City Treasurer for collection.

CHARLES REICHSTFARB, Recording Register.

je26:d29

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE QUEEN! THE QUEEN.

THE QUEEN OF

HAIR RESTORERS!

MRS. WINSLOW'S QUEEN HAIR RESTORER is QUEEN, not only in NAME, but in VIRTUES.

Is the Best Hair Restorer ever offered to the Public.

An infallible RESTORER and PRESERVER of the Hair if faithfully applied.

It is no Hair Dye.

It acts directly upon the roots of the hair changing grey hair to its original life color; arresting premature decay and falling out of the hair; eradicating scurf and dandruff; and curing all humors of the scalp.

It will change dry and wiry hair to soft and luxuriant tresses.

It imparts a delightful fragrance to the hair.

In short, if you wish to restore your hair, as in youth, and retain it through life, use

MRS. WINSLOW'S QUEEN HAIR RESTORER.

Price $1 per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

R. E. SELLERS & CO.,

Wholesale Agents.

my30:b92

WM. BARNHILL & CO.

BOILER MAKERS

AND

SHEET IRON WORKERS,

Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn street.

Having secured a large yard, and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS, in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. CHIMNEYS, BREECHING, FLUE BEDS, STEAM PIPES, LOCOMOTIVE BOILERS, CONDENSERS, SALT PANS, TANKS, OIL STILLS, AGITATORS, SETTLING PANS, BOILER IRON, BRIDGES, SUGAR PANS; and sole manufacturers of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS. Repairing done on the shortest notice. je5:c41

LAKE SUPERIOR

COPPER MILL AND SMELTING WORKS

PITTSBURGH.

PARK, McCURDY & CO.

Manufacturers of SHEATHING, BRAZIERS' AND BOLT COPPER, PRESSED COPPER BOTTOMS, RAISED STILL BOTTOMS, SPELTER SOLDER. Also, importers and dealers in METALS, TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON, WIRE, &c. Constantly on hand, TINNERS' MACHINES and TOOLS. Warehouse, No. 189 FIRST and 120 SECOND STREETS, Pittsburgh. Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. my14:e34d&wT

PITTSBURGH SAW WORKS,

HUBBARD, BRO. & CO., Manufacturers of CAST STEEL SAWS, of every description. Mill, Muley, Cross-Cut, Hand, and all other varieties.

All kinds of KNIVES and SPRINGS, made from Sheet Cast-Steel. Extra Refined REAPER AND MOWING KNIVES, &c.

Warehouse and Works, corner WATER and SHORT STREETS, Pittsburgh.

Particular attention paid to re-toothing, gumming and sharpening Circular Saws; also, repairs of all kinds. Punching and Drilling done at reasonable rates. je6:e33

ROBINSON, REA & CO., (Successors to ROBINSON, SMITH & MILLER,)

WASHINGTON WORKS,

Founders & Machinists, Pittsburgh.

Manufacturers of BOAT AND STATIONERY STEAM ENGINES, SAW MILL MACHINERY, GEARING, SHAFTING, CASTINGS of all descriptions, OIL TANKS and STILLS, BOILER and SHEET IRON WORK, &c.

Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR, for feeding boilers.

JOHN COCHRAN & BRO.,

Manufacturers of IRON VAULTS AND VAULT DOORS, IRON RAILINGS, WINDOW SHUTTERS, WINDOW GUARDS, &c., Nos. 81 SECOND and 80 THIRD streets, between Wood and Market, have on hand a variety of new patterns, fancy and plain, suitable for all purposes.

Particular attention paid to enclosing Grave Lots. Jobbing done at short notice. mh9:1y

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY, an Essay of Warning and Instruction for Young Men. Also, Diseases and Abuses which prostrate Energy, with cure mailed free. Sent free of charge in sealed letter envelopes. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. my22:b36:d&wT.

POLITICAL.

CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION,

22d DISTRICT.

The UNION REPUBLICAN VOTERS of the 22d Congressional District are requested to meet at the several Polling Places for holding elections in the Wards, Boroughs and Townships, in said District,

On Saturday, August 11th,

And elect TWO DELEGATES from each election district, to meet in County Convention on TUESDAY, AUGUST 14th, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination a candidate for Congress.

The Primary elections in the townships will be held between the hours of four and six o'clock, and in the wards and boroughs between the hours of four and seven o'clock P. M. In the wards and boroughs the elections shall be by ballot, and in the townships by marking or by ballot.

By order of the Committee.

W. J. GILMORE, Chairman.

WM. ANDERSON, } Secretaries.
R. W. THOMAS, }

my18:d26:d&w

CONGRESS, 22d DISTRICT.

HON. J. K. MOORHEAD

Having placed himself at the disposal of his friends, in response to their call made on him, His name is now presented as a candidate for Congress, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention.

ap7:te

CONGRESS

GENERAL JAS. S. NEGLEY

IS A CANDIDATE IN THE 22D DISTRICT.

mh9:tmd

CONGRESS.—The friends of

HON. JOHN P. PENNEY

Will present his name to the Convention of the Union party for nomination as a candidate for Congress in the 22d District. mh13:tdwd

BOOTS, SHOES, &c.

LADIES' BALMORALS,

Ladies' Congress Gaiters,

Ladies' Kid Heel Slippers,

Men's Calf Boots,

Men's Calf Balmorals,

Mens Calf Gaiters,

Men's Calf Oxford Ties,

BOYS', YOUTHS', MISSES AND CHILDREN'S

BOOTS AND SHOES,

IN EVERY VARIETY AT REASONABLE PRICES,

61 Market Street.

J. A. ROBINSON & CO.

jy3

JUST ARRIVED FROM THE EAST.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

JAMES ROBB,

No. 89 Market St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

This old established house has now in store thirty-five thousand dollars worth of Boots and Shoes, the styles the latest, the quality the best, which we are determined to sell at VERY LOW PRICES. We have resolved not to be undersold by any in the business that keep goods worth having.

Call and examine our stock of goods, and we feel satisfied that you will purchase what you want in the Boot and Shoe line.

Do not forget the place, 89 Market street.

je23 JAMES ROBB.

GREAT EXCITEMENT AT

92 Federal Street.

Boots, Shoes and Gaiters,

AT REDUCED PRICES,

AT McCLINTOCK'S

GREAT SHOE EMPORIUM,

92 Federal Street, Allegheny, Pa.

je22

A LARGE AND FRESH ARRIVAL

OF

SUMMER BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS;

And Balmorals,

Just received, and will be sold at the VERY LOWEST PRICES, either Wholesale or Retail. GIVE US A CALL BEFORE PURCHASING ELSEWHERE.

J. H. & W. C. BORLAND,

No. 98 Market street, 2d door from 5th st.

my19

COOPER FIELDING.....JOHN FIELDING

C. FIELDING & BRO.,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

Custom Made

BOOTS, SHOES & GAITERS,

No. 140 Ohio St., Allegheny.

Repairing promptly executed on the shortest notice. my7:b62

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE

No. 24 St. Clair Street.

A large and well selected stock of LADIES', GENT'S and CHILDRENS' GAITERS, BALMORALS, etc., which will be sold at the LOWEST PRICES. (ap28:84eod) JOHN SNODGRASS.

GENT'S FINE CALF BOOTS AND CONGRESS GAITERS at

my19 J. W. CARNAHAN & CO.'S, 83 Market st.

LADIES' FINE BALMORAL AND CONGRESS GAITERS at

my19 J. W. CARNAHAN & CO.'S, 83 Market st.

LADIES' FINE KID BOOTS at

J. W. CARNAHAN & CO.'S, 83 Market st.

LADIES' FINE KID SLIPPERS at

J. W. CARNAHAN & CO.'S 83 Market st.

FOR SALE.

VALUABLE

COAL MINES FOR SALE.

The valuable coal mines owned by the Southern Coal Mining Company, situated in Shelby county, Ala., twelve miles northeast of Montevallo, and one a half miles from the North and South Rail-road (now in running order to this point), and one-quarter of a mile from the Branch Road to the Red Mountain Coal Mines, are now offered for sale.

These mines have been in successful operation for some years, are situated in the heart of the mineral region of the State, and are only sixty-five miles by rail from Selma, from whence there is water transportation to the Gulf.

There is not in the United States a better opportunity for a safe and profitable investment in the Coal business.

TERMS OF SALE:

One half cash, and the balance at the expiration of six months, without interest; or, one-sixth cash, and the balance in equal monthly payments, without interest.

G. M. McCONNICO,

jy21:d34 Assignee of R. O. Edwards.

FOR SALE.

A FIRST-CLASS BUSINESS STAND.

The Stock, Fixtures, Good Will, Store House, Dwelling and large Lot in Sewickley. Cash sales $3,000 a month. Possession given immediately.

Six small Houses and Lots, very cheap.

Several Lots at Edgeworth Station, from one to five acres in each.

Apply to

JAMES T. SAMPLE,

Real Estate Broker and Insurance Agent.

je8 No. 85 Federal street, Allegheny.

FOR SALE,

80 Acres of Oil Territory,

Located in Muskingum county, Ohio, on Manskirk Creek. This property is valuable from the fact that every well bored. Oil in paying quantities is obtained.

The depth of wells is only about 150 feet, and costs about $600 for boring.

Samples of Oil can be seen at 164 Fourth street.

For further particulars, enquire of

JOHN FINNEY.

jy4:f5 No. 164 Fourth street.

FOR SALE—A Farm of 216 acres, situate in Penn township, Allegheny county, Pa. The improvements are a two-story Frame House, with six rooms and kitchen; a large Bank Barn, 80 by 85, and other out-buildings; a good Orchard; 70 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. The land is of the best quality; well watered; fine body of stock, and is only 12 miles from Coal, a very large amount of Locust timber. Possession given immediately, convenient to churches, schools, &c. For further particulars, enquire of G. H. TOWER, Real Estate Agent, No. 164 Fourth street. my17:a50

FOR SALE—A Farm of about 25 acres, opposite Townsend Station, North Western R. R., 28 miles from Pittsburgh; about 5 acres cleared; balance good timber land in varieties; 23 acres of coal, good vein, pit open; a frame dwelling of four rooms; good spring of water; 50 fruit trees of varieties of fruit; is a splendid place for a vineyard.

Also, a lot 30 by 191 feet, on Peebles street, in Wilkins township, Allegheny county. Will be sold cheap. For terms, &c., apply at the Real Estate and Insurance Office of G. S. BATES,

je13 Butler street, Lawrenceville.

FOR SALE—A Farm of 158 acres, in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Pa., near the Youghiogheny river. The improvements are a frame Log House in good repair, Stable and other out-buildings; fencing generally good; well watered; 118 acres cleared; veins of Limestone, the under vein about 4½ feet thick; the upper vein 4½ feet; very convenient to the river. It is well timbered with the best white oak and black walnut timber. Price $60 per acre. For further particulars, enquire of G. H. TOWER, Real Estate Agent, No. 164 Fourth street. my17:a49

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.—A Farm, containing about 150 acres, near the Six Mile Ferry, on the Monongahela river, on which is erected a two-story Brick Mansion House and Barn, and other out-buildings. Also, several other Farms, well located, in Allegheny and Westmoreland counties, containing from 100 to 226 acres. Coal and Lime Farms for sale on the Steubenville Railroad and Monongahela river. For further particulars, enquire of WILLIAM A. HILL,

(Opposite the Cathedral.)

je9:e8 No. 110 Grant street.

FOR SALE IN ALLEGHENY—By order of the Orphans' Court,

DWELLING HOUSE

Of late ROBT. DUNLAP, Jr., dec'd, No. 116 Sandusky street, Allegheny. For particulars, enquire of CHAS. RIGGS, Esq., at Second National Bank, Pittsburgh, or at the M. & M. National Bank, Pittsburgh. of

H. L. BOLLMAN.

jy2:e36

FOR SALE.—200 acres coal land and surface, situated about 20 rods east of Bulger Station, on the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad. The railroad runs directly through the property. One hundred and fifty acres of the surface in cultivation; the remaining forty acres in good white oak timber. JOHN D. BAILEY,

No. 96 Fourth street.

Or, E. C. KEYS, No. 95 Smithfield Block, Duquesne Way.

jy3

FOR SALE,

600 Acres Coal, near Noblestown,

On Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad.

JOHN D. BAILEY,

jy4 Stock and Real Estate Broker, No. 102 Fourth street.

FOR SALE,

500 Acres Coal, near Mansfield

PH. R. MERTZ,

Banker and Broker,

118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.

All descriptions of Government Bonds bought and sold on liberal terms.

London and Continental Exchange sold at New York rates.

Gold, Silver and Coupons bought at highest rates, and Gold Drafts issued on New York.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

FRIDAY, July 6, 1866.

The New York stock quotations to-day were as follows: Gold, 134¼@134½; 1881's, 109½; Five Twenties, 104¾; Ten Forties, 97½; Seven Thirties, 103½; Cleveland & Pittsburgh R.R., 89½; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago R. R., 97¼; Erie, 69; Western Telegraph, 58¾. Erie, as will be seen has made another "big jump," within a day or two—from 57½ to 69.

Government bonds continue to be the great centre of attraction, both in and out of financial circles, and our people are beginning to discover that while it is the safest investment that can be made, it also makes a better return than almost any other security, taking the reliability into consideration, that can be found. As will be seen, from the quotations above, the whole list has advanced excepting 10-40's which remain inactive and unchanged; old issues are scarce and ½ per cent better than yesterday, and 7-30s are also higher, having advanced ⅝ of a cent, though there is not much inquiry for them in this market at these figures.

We observe that many leading journals of the country are very severe in their comments on the national banks, and, perhaps, unnecessarily so. The New York *Herald*, not the best authority in the world, in referring to this subject, says:

"For a reform of the national banking system there exists an urgent necessity. The notes issued under it are an incubus, and have a tendency to lower the standard of our entire currency. To replace the whole of these with legal tender notes as speedily as possible should be the aim as much as it is duty of Congress. By this course a sound currency would be substituted for a doubtful one, at the same time that the interest now paid to the national banks on the bonds deposited with the Treasury as the basis of their circulation would cease with the cancellation of the bonds themselves. Moreover, the power of what now threatens to be a huge political financial machine would be weakened, and a host of "wild-cat opportunity" banks, which at present so many sheres to unwary depositors, would be weeded out of existence by the salutary measure of withdrawing nearly or quite twenty millions per annum, and still on the increase, which is paid to national banks in the form of interest, is something which the taxpayers of this country will not much longer endure, and in view of the oppressive burdens which the people have to bear, it is an abuse that verges upon an outrage.

—The New York *Commercial* says:

There is some talk in usually well informed circles of the probability of the consolidated loan bill being early pressed through Congress; at the same time there appears to be no definite ground for supposing that Mr. McCulloch's political opponents will not be found opposing him in this measure.

The feeling is very general that something ought to be done during the prevailing extreme ease of money toward putting into a permanent form the large amount of short obligations of the government.

New York Money and Stock Market.

NEW YORK, July 6.—The increased speculation at the Stock Exchange creates more demand for Money. Call loans range from four to five per cent., and prime discounts from five to six and a-half per cent. There was rather more activity in Sterling Exchange. Bankers bills sold at 1,08⅝@1,09⅝. Gold closed on urmly at 1,54½@1,54⅝. The speculative feeling is not so brisk. Government Securities are higher and tendency upwards the close is a good demand. The following were the closing quotations: Coupons, 1881, 1,08½@1,08⅝; Five-Twenty Coupons, 1865, 1,04½@1,04⅝; Ten-Forty Coupons, 97¾@98; Seven-Thirties, 1,05⅛@1,05⅜; July Seven-Thirties, 1,05⅛@1,05⅜.

The New York stock exchange and open board of brokers each voted, to-day, three thousand dollars for the sufferers in the Portland fire. There was no four o'clock call of stocks. At the last open board there were 4,000 shares of Erie bought in under the rule for the account of Mr. Ralph Dayton, who has failed to make his deliveries. The stock market opened at 69¾, and closed at 68¾.

Futures in shares were strong, were generally quiet and steady this afternoon.

The *Post's* money article says there is more activity in the loan market, which is quite easy. Discounts are 5@6 per cent. The stock market is animated and higher. Governments in lively request. Railroad shares active and especially Erie, Reading, Michigan Southern and Northwestern. The latest quotation for Erie is 68¾. Foreign exchange is firm.

The *Commercial's* Money article says: The improvement in the stock market is well sustained. There was more activity at the morning session, extending to the miscellaneous list. Some of the leading parties in the upward movement have gone out of their stock and with a very handsome profit. Michigan Central is being manipulated for a rise and advanced four per cent, while Rock Island, North Western appears to have culminated. Some of the larger holders of the stock were sellers at this morning's advance. The price closed ¼ higher. The preferred stock closed at 61¾, an advance of ½. Governments continue very active. In addition to brisk home demand for investments, there is also an extensive inquiry from foreign bankers. Foreign Exchange is rather more active and firmer. Gold speculation lacks interest; owing to the diversion of operations to the Stock Exchange. The premium is rather stronger under a large demand for certain duties.

New York Produce Markets.

NEW YORK, July 6.—Cotton little more active at unchanged prices; 36c for middling. Flour generally dull, and inferior grades 5@10c lower. There is some little business doing in Extra State for export. Louden; 6,700 bbls Superfine State; $8,75@10,20 for Extra round hoop Ohio, and $10,25@13,75 for trade brands, closing dull; included in sales are 1,500 barrels extra State for export to London, part at $9,40 and the remainder at $6,00. Whiskey quiet and nominal at $2,20@2,25 for western. Wheat very dull, and 1@2c lower; sales 37,000 bushels No. 2 Milwaukee club, and $3,25 for white western. Rye, Barley and Barley Malt quiet. Corn opened le better; market heavy, and the advance was lost and finally closing with a better speculative demand, and the advance remained at 85@87½c for unsound new mixed western; 89@90c for sound do; closing 91c for free buyers at the latter price, and 90c for high mixed clearly yellow. Oats opened 1@2c better and closed quiet at le advance; 81@84c for western. Sugar dull; Cuba to arrive sold as low as 10¼@10⅝c. Molasses quiet and firm. Wool quiet and steady. Petroleum dull at 23@23½c for crude, and 49c for refined in bond. Pork heavy and lower, at $21,81@22,12 for new mess, and closing at $22,00; cash, $22,50 for old do. and $21,25@21,50 for prime; also 2,200 bbls. new mess for July and August delivery, seller and buyer's option, at $22,00@22,25. Beef unchanged at previous prices, and Beef Hams nominal at $15,00@$16,50. Cut Meats steady; 12¾@13c for long clear, and 17½c for short ribbed. Cut Meats steady; 13¾@13¾c for shoulders; 17@20c for hams. Lard dull and heavy; sales 60 bbls. at 19@21¼c. Butter dull at 25@30c for Ohio.

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, June 29.—The market was quiet but firm. Brown Sheetings—Amoskeag A 38, 36; do B 35; Appletons A 35, 34; do C, 30; L. L. 29, 28; E. 27½; Atlantic A 37, 36; L 36, 35; E 31, 28; Bleached Shirtings—Blackstone 30, 27½; Canoe, 27½; Columbia A 33, 19; Hill 5em idem 30, 28; do 3s, 27½; Lonsdale 45, 42½; James 30, 28; do 3s, 25½; do 27, 21½. Ladies' Sacking—Garibaldi Repellants, 140; Middlesex, 160; Salsbury, 125; Washington, 160. Prints—American, 20; Amoskeag, 19; Cocheco, 21; Empire, 18½; Freeman, 17; Garner & Co., 21; London Mourning, 18½; Pacific, 20½; Sprague's Frocks, 21½; do fancy, 20½. Hoop Skirts—Bradley's Duplex Elliptic, per dozen hoops, 52@$105; Empress Trail, 125; Thomson's Crown French Elliptic Springs, 75@100; do Rockwood Trail, 100@120; Woven Sephyr, 55; Myers' I. L. 8, wide tapes, 66@105; do narrow tapes 48@73; Magic Ruffles, genuine, with trade mark, No. 1, 625; No 2, 760; No. 3, 774; No. 4, 880; Home Made Ruffles, No. 1, 48@50; No 3, 520; No 5, 650, with diamond; Hard Rubber Cravats, ½, No. 1 plain, 400; ⅝ do, 425; ¾ do, 450; ⅞ do, 475; 1 do, 490, 1¼ do, 525; Hard Rubber Rows, assorted sizes, No. 1, 300; No. 2, 400; No. 3, 425.

Buffalo Market.

BUFFALO, July 6.—Flour firm, but quiet. Wheat firm, held above the views of buyers. No. 1 Milwaukee Spring, at $2,28@2,30. corn closed quiet, but firm at 75c for No. 1 and 74c for No. 2. 1,000 bushels changed hands this evening. Oats firm; No. 1 Chicago, at 45; No. 1 Milwaukee, held at 49c; Wisconsin, at 48c. Barley nominal. Rye quiet and unchanged, and held at 90c for No. 1 Chicago, and 91 for No. 1 Milwaukee. Lard, at 21½@22c. Whisky nominal. Canal Freights firm to New York; Wheat, 19c; Corn, 16c; Oats 10. To Albany, Corn, 13c.

Cleveland Grain Market.

CLEVELAND, July 5.—Wheat—Very firm and in fair milling demand. Sales 2 cars No. 1 Milwaukee at 84.38. Corn—Quiet and steady at 69c for No. 1 mixed; 70c for No. 1 yellow. Oats—Moderate demand and steady at 46@50c. Rye—Western and State, 90@95c; held at 86c for No. 1 in store. Barley—Inactive and nominal.

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, July 6.—Petroleum dull and lower; Crude, 23½c; Refined in Bond, 38@38½c; Free, 53@c. Flour dull with a declining tendency. Wheat dull; Red, $2,70@3. Corn firm; sales of 20,000 bushels mixed Western at 86c. Coffee quiet; Rio, 25@25½c. Whisky dull; Pennsylvania, $2,24; Ohio, $2,29.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, July 5.—Flour dull. Wheat opened stronger at an advance of 4c, and closed dull at $1,04@1,05 for No. 1. Corn active, at 58@59½c for No. 1, and 56½c for No. 2. Oats firm, and advanced ½c; sales at 31½@33c for No. 1, and 30@31c for No. 2. Provisions dull. Highwines active, at $2,24 in bond.

Toledo Market.

TOLEDO, N. Y., July 6.—Flour quiet. Wheat dull and drooping, nominally at 2@3c lower; sales of Amber at $2,75. Common to choice white, fourths better; sales 6,000 bushels No. 1 Amber, 79 bushels No. 1 Yellow. Oats dull. Rye quiet. Lake freights dull and unchanged.

Baltimore Market.

BALTIMORE, July 5.—Flour quiet; high grades scarce. Wheat dull and unsettled; sales of prime new white at $2,80@2,85. Corn dull; white, 70@72; yellow, 72@73c. Oats dull; white, 46@50; mixed, 44@46c. Provisions quiet. Whisky dull and nominal.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, July 6.—Flour and Wheat are very dull. Mess Pork at $21,87, in bond. Lard firm. Whisky steady at $2,27, in bond. Gold 134.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, July 6, 1866.

There are no new characteristics in the produce markets worthy of special notice. The demand for the leading commodities continues very limited, while prices have undergone no essential change.

GRAIN—Wheat is firm and in fair demand but unchanged. Sale of 2 cars No. 1 Chicago Oats, at 69; 1 do do at 70; and 300 bush prime Ohio Oats, in lots, at 60—from store. Corn is dull but unchanged; sale of 2 cars prime shelled at 80. Buckwheat is dull but unchanged at 65. No movement in Rye or Barley.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is very firm and advancing. We now quote at 17 for Shoulders; 19½@20 for Ribbed Sides; and 25 to 26 for Sugar Cured Hams, according to quality. Lard is dull but firm at 22½@23 for steamed and kettle rendered. Small sales of Mess Pork at $33,50@$34,00 per bbl.

FLOUR—Is firm with a fair local demand, but prices have undergone no change. Sales at $10,00 to $11,50 for Spring Wheat Family; $12,50 to $13 for Winter Wheat; and $14 to $16,00 for fancy brands. Rye Flour is selling from store at $6,00@6,75.

MILL FEED—Sale of 1 car at 90 cts for Bran and $1 for Shorts; 1 car shipstuffs at $1; and 1 car coarse Middlings at $1,40.

BUTTER—Continues dull but prices are unchanged; small sales of firkin Butter at 23; and packed is quoted at 20 to 22, as to quality.

EGGS—Quiet and unchanged. Small sales at 18 to 20 cents, the outside figure for fresh packed. Supply somewhat in excess of the demand.

POTATOES—But very little old crop in market. New crop are still quoted at $3 per bbl. and scarce.

CHEESE—Continues very dull and the supply is considerably ahead of the demand. Sales of Western Reserve at 18@16.

HAY—Is getting rather dull and weak, under the influence of increased receipts, and prices are tending downward. We continue to quote at $20 to 25 per ton, as to quality.

SEEDS—Flaxseed is wanted at $2,70@2,75, and but very little arriving. No demand for Clover or Timothy Seeds.

SORGHUM—Continues dull notwithstanding there is very little in market. Small sales of prime at 90 to 95.

SALT—Is reported firm and supply hardly equal to the demand, at $2,30 per bbl, on track, and the usual advance for small lots from store.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, July 6, 1866.

CRUDE—There is no improvement to note in the general tone of the Crude market, nor, we regret to say, are there any indications at present for such a desirable event. It is true, there is but comparatively little oil arriving or offering, but it is equally true that there is little or no demand, and the market continues dull and depressed, with a drooping tendency. Bulk oil is offered at 12½@13, with some few lots at 13@13¼, while barrelled oil cannot be quoted above 12 cents, packages returned; 17, packages included, on the spot; and 17½@18, packages included, free on board cars. Sale of 450 bbls, in bulk, at 12½, and we have also a sale of 100 bbls (36 gravity) reported at 13c, bbls returned. Advices from Oil City report crude very dull, and prices are nominal at $3,00 to $4.

REFINED—There was a little more inquiry for bonded oil to-day, and by some means or other there were a couple of sales effected at a slight advance—250 bbls for September delivery at 49½c, buyers option, at 48½; and 250 for October, same option, at 48½. These sales, we have good authority for saying, could not have been duplicated, and, while there is no question about their genuineness, it does seem a little mysterious. We can also report a sale of 500 bbls for November delivery in Philadelphia, at 44½; and 3000 bbls for this month, at 50. There may have been other sales, but the above were all we could pick up. Free Oil is dull and neglected and prices are entirely nominal.

ARRIVALS—The arrivals continue very light, and no material increase need be expected until there is a rise in the river. The following were reported to-day:

H. McKelvy.....	57	J. C. Young.....	25
Geo. Sheffer.....	124	Jas. Wilkins.....	25
Fisher & Bro.....	123		
Total.....			354

PITTSBURGH IRON MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, July 6, 1866.

The market is firm and moderately active, and, for desirable brands, there is a good demand at very full rates. The transactions, in the aggregate, were hardly up to the usual standard, but the scarcity of good brands as well as the recurrence of the "National Holiday," had a tendency to retard operations. Common irons are quiet and unchanged. The following sales were reported:

MARONING.

100 tons Open Gray—favorite brd.	45 00 4 mos.	
200 do do do do	45 00 4 do	
200 do Close Gray—com. brands	43 00 4 do	
120 do do do	42 50 4 do	
30 do Open Grey—a fancy lot	45 00 4 do	
125 do Mixture with natural ore	40 00 4 do	

ANTHRACITE.

200 tons No. 3 Anthracite	45 00 4 mos.
100 do No. 2 do	48 00 4 do
100 do No. 1 do	49 00 4 do
100 do No. 3 Neutral Anthracite.	45 00 4 do

HANGING ROCK CHARCOAL.

86 tons Ohio Furnace hot blast	58 00 4 mos.
22 do Limestone do	58 00 4 do

COKE.

100 tons Red Bank	46 00 4 mos.
100 do Pine Creek—2 cent off	45 00 cash.

BLOOMS.

20 tons Juniata	110 00 cash.
50 do do	113 00 4 mos.
150 do Lake Champlain	125 00 cash.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, July 6.—Cotton unchanged; sales of 1,100 bales at 31c. Two day's receipts, 1,900 bales; week's receipts, 3,307 bales, against 3,017 bales. Exports of the week, 9,136 bales; stock, 108,568 bales. Freights dull at previous rates.

Milwaukee Market.

Flour dull. Wheat firm at $2,01. Corn 59@59½. Oats 56.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R. July 6—1 car coal, Lowden; 67,000 lbs coal; 1 car mill feed, Jas Glenn; 4 cars metal, Nimick & co; 31 sks scraps, A. Hoovener; 140 sks oats, Alex Taylor; 40 pkgs wooden ware, E Hearleston; 5 sks do, J S Brown; 5 do, Lowden, part at $6,40 and the remainder at $6,00. Whiskey quiet and nominal at $2,20@2,25 for western. Wheat very dull, and 1@2c lower; sales 37,000 bushels No. 2 Milwaukee club, and $3,25 for white western. Rye, Barley and Barley Malt quiet. Corn opened le better; market heavy, and the advance was lost and finally closing with a better speculative demand, and the advance remained at 85@87½c for unsound new mixed western; 89@90c for sound do; closing 91c for free buyers at the latter price, and 90c for high mixed clearly yellow. Oats opened 1@2c better and closed quiet at le advance; 81@84c for western. Sugar dull; Cuba to arrive sold as low as 10¼@10⅝c. Molasses quiet and firm. Wool quiet and steady. Petroleum dull at 23@23½c for crude, and 49c for refined in bond. Pork heavy and lower, at $21,81@22,12 for new mess, and closing at $22,00; cash, $22,50 for old do. and $21,25@21,50 for prime; also 2,200 bbls. new mess for July and August delivery, seller and buyer's option, at $22,00@22,25. Beef unchanged at previous prices, and Beef Hams nominal at $15,00@$16,50. Cut Meats steady; 12¾@13c for long clear, and 17½c for short ribbed. Cut Meats steady; 13¾@13¾c for shoulders; 17@20c for hams. Lard dull and heavy; sales 60 bbls. at 19@21¼c. Butter dull at 25@30c for Ohio.

RIVER NEWS.

The river has undergone but little change since our last report, the pier marks still indicating two feet. The weather continues oppressively hot in the sun; though at times it becomes quite cloudy, with every appearance of rain.

The Leni Leoti arrived and cleared for Parkersburg, and the Forest City will leave for the same point to-day at noon.

Galladin left for Brownsville last evening, and the Fayette and Chieftan will leave for the same point this evening at five o'clock.

The Camellia, Capt. Lytle, will leave for St. Louis and the Upper Mississippi to-day without fail, and passengers and shippers should bear this fact in mind. The Camellia is a low water boat, and will doubtless get through with but little difficulty. The clerk, Mr. W. C. McKnight, will see that all having business with the boat receive every proper attention.

The Rose Hambleton, if she did not get off last night will leave for St. Louis to-day without fail. Although the Rose is owned in Cincinnati, her commander, Capt. Charley Beers, is an old Pittsburgher.

The Kate Putnam has not made her appearance as the landing yet, and we fear she will not until there is a rise in our rivers.

Capt. Saint, a well-known Allegheny River steamboatman, informs us that he has sprung connected with his residence, opposite Sharpsburg, in Collins township, that is flowing a considerable quantity of oil. The oil is of a very fine quality for illuminating purposes, and he has already sold three barrels of it for that purpose, besides what he has used in his own house. It is a regular oil spring, though at times it produces more than others, and occasionally it gives out almost entirely.

A St. Louis telegram, dated July 3d, says: The steamer Lorena will leave this morning a fire was discovered near the after guards on the boiler deck of the steamer Lorena, from Pittsburgh. The fire was discovered by a watchman, who extinguished it with a few buckets of water. Fire caught from a bucket or hot ashes placed near an escape pipe twenty-four hours previous. The levee above and below was crowded with boats, and had not the fire been extinguished as it was, we should have been under the necessity, doubtless, of chronicling one of the most disastrous and destructive steamboat conflagrations that has visited our city for a long time.

The Petrolia, from White river, arrived at Memphis Friday, with the crew of the sunken steamer J. S. Hall. The crops along White river, especially the upper part, were doing well, though overrun with weeds, as labor was scarce.

FAST TIME.—On Saturday, June 23d, the steamer Daniel Drew made the run from Yonkers to New York City, on the Hudson river, in twenty-eight minutes and twenty-two seconds; distance, seventeen miles. This is the quickest time on record, and fully up to railroad speed.

The America, at Dubuque, was attached last Friday week, while she lay at the levee. One of her hands left the boat and not procuring his claim of $2,000, immediately had the boat seized, but the matter was settled by paying the debt.

The St. Louis *Democrat*, of Wednesday says Captain Macratta has 8000 sacks corn, besides other freight, engaged for the Emma No. 2, and will sail for Pittsburgh to-morrow evening. The Emma will run for Cincinnati and Gallipolis. The Shamrock likewise leaves for the Ohio to-morrow.

STEAMBOATS.

PITTSBURGH, BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA U. S. MAIL PACKET COMPY.

Will run three daily side-wheel steamers between Pittsburgh, Monongahela City, Brownsville, Rice's Landing, Greensboro, Geneva and the Dunkard Oil Regions. This line is composed of the following steamers:

FAYETTE.....CAPT. M. A. COX.
FLEEK-EM-ON.....CAPT. D. HOGUER.
FRANKLIN.....CAPT. Z. W. CARMAC
GALLATIN.....CAPT. A. S. CARLILE.

The Monongahela will leave at 10 o'clock a. m., and 5 p. m, except Sunday, when the departure will be at 5 o'clock, a. m.

The through packet for the Oil Regions will leave Pittsburgh daily at 5 p. m.; Brownsville daily at 5 a. m.

CONNECTING—Leaves Brownsville for Pittsburgh daily at 7 a. m. and 4 p. m.

Leaves Brownsville and Geneva at 12 o'clock; Rice's Landing at 2 p. m.

The line is composed of first-class side-wheel steamers, built expressly for the trade, are commanded by officers of long experience, who will pay particular attention to the wants and comfort of passengers. The boats will leave promptly at the hour advertised.

FREIGHTS RECEIVED AT ALL HOURS.

For further particulars, enquire of

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At the Wharf-Boat, foot of Grant st, Pittsburgh.
L. COLVIN, Agent,
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This Company will run a daily boat between the above points, comprised of the new and splendid side-wheel steamers CHIEFTAIN, R. E. ABRAMS commander, and KLONDIKE, Robert Phillips, commander. (The Elector is now being completed and will take her place in the line in a few days.)

The Chieftain will leave Pittsburgh for ports on TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS at 5 P. M. Returning, leaves Geneva for Pittsburgh on MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS, at 9 A. M. and Brownsville at 1 P. M.

The Elector leaves MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, at 5 P. M. Returning, leaves Geneva for Pittsburgh TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY at 9 A. M. and Brownsville at 4 P. M.

The Company have a first-class wharf Boat at Monongahela City and Pittsburgh. Freight received at all hours. No charge for commission on Eastern freight.

This line will not run boats on the Sabbath.

For further particulars enquire on board, or to JOHN S. CUNNINGHAM, Agent, at the Wharf Boat, foot of Grant street.
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